# **LAW**

# What can I do with this graduate degree?

### **AREAS**

### **EMPLOYERS**

# INFORMATION/STRATEGIES

### **PRIVATE PRACTICE**

Attorney (See following pages for practice areas):

Partnership Track Non-partnership Track

Contract

**Document Review** 

Administration

Large multi-office firms
Medium-size firms
Small firms
Sole practitioners
Legal clinics
Other private legal services

Acquire excellent research and writing skills.

Obtain clerkships or internships during law school.

Large and medium-size firms frequently emphasize grades and class rank and value law review and moot court experience.

Expect to exhibit management and marketing expertise and practice profitably.

Those in administration handle office management (e.g. work flow), business development, clerk and attorney recruitment, clerkship programs, finances, and human resources.

### **PUBLIC INTEREST**

Counsel

Legal Aid Services

Public Defense

Civil Rights Law

Indigent Services

Advocacy

Community Outreach

Law Reform

Legal Services Corporation

Legal aid societies

Federal, state, and local government

Public defender offices

Private public interest law firms

Nonprofit and public interest organizations, e.g., ACLU, NAACP Legal Defense Fund

Unions Foundations Gain supervised work experience in an area through summer internships.

Demonstrate a desire to help the economically disadvantaged and show an interest in law as a means of change.

Volunteer for non-profit organizations that serve a wide range of people.

Learn to communicate and interact with a diverse clientele.

### **BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY**

Private Practice

In-House Counsel:

Transactional

Litigatory

Law-related Areas Including: Compliance,

Procurement, Contracts, and Human Resources

Securities Law

Mergers and Acquisitions

Tax Law

Legislative Compliance

Liability Issues Contracts Law firms with corporate law and related business practice areas

Any large corporation (largest number of attorneys are at corporate headquarters) including:

Accounting firms

Financial institutions and insurance companies

Hospitals Retailers

Consulting firms

Corporate office summer clerkships and entry level in-house counsel positions are rare.

Usually only experienced lawyers are hired by corporations as in-house counsel. Entry level positions in compliance, procurement, or other law related departments are more common.

Develop tolerance for bureaucratic procedure.

An undergraduate major in business, particularly accounting or finance, is helpful.

A joint MBA/JD degree may open additional opportunities.

## **EMPLOYERS**

## INFORMATION/STRATEGIES

### **FEDERAL GOVERNMENT**

Litigation Advisory/Counsel Regulatory Public Policy

Judicial Clerkships

Most government branches have legal counsel; some of the largest employers of lawyers are:

Department of Justice

Department of Defense

Department of Commerce

Federal Bureau of Investigation

**Environmental Protection Agency** 

Central Intelligence Agency

**Federal Trade Commission** 

Internal Revenue Service

Securities and Exchange Commission

Judge Advocate General's (JAG) Corps for all

branches of the military

Federal courts of appeal and district court (trial)

judges and magistrates

Bankruptcy and administrative law judges State courts of appeal and trial level judges

Federal and state court clerkships for collective judges in a court

Complete an internship program with the federal government to get a foot in the door. Research the Presidential Management Fellows Program.

New lawyers frequently go to court and litigate sooner; experience gained here can be valuable to private firms later.

Government work offers a variety of practice opportunities from criminal to contracts.

High academic achievement is emphasized by State and Federal judges; Federal judges usually require top 10% or 15% class rank.

Clerkships can be a stepping-stone to other legal areas and provide many benefits for future career opportunities.

For U.S. Supreme Court, applicants must be top law graduates with one to two years clerking at lower Federal Court.

Moot Court participation in regional and national competitions is helpful.

Law review membership, as an indication of writing ability, is highly valued and emphasized at all court levels.

### STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Litigation
Advisory/Counsel
Regulatory
Public Policy
Criminal Prosecution
Public Defense

District Attorney's offices
Attorney General's offices
Governor's offices
State agencies
State legislatures
Cities, municipalities, counties, school districts, boards of education, and state universities
Public Defender's offices

Take essential courses related to criminal law, criminal procedure, constitutional law, and evidence.

Participate in a criminal clinical program.

Obtain summer positions in a prosecutor's office or a criminal litigation office or private firms practicing criminal law.

New lawyers frequently go to court and litigate sooner; experience gained here can be valuable to private firms later.

Civil law deals with a broad range of subjects other than criminal matters and provides for a wide variety of functions including the opportunity to work with private lawyers and public officials.

A demonstrated interest in public issues and completion of related internships are helpful.

Consider earning a joint Masters of Public Administration/JD degree.

### **EMPLOYERS**

# INFORMATION/STRATEGIES

### **EDUCATION**

Teaching Student Affairs: Law Schools

Universities/Colleges

**Higher Education Administration** 

Pre-Law Advising

Law Librarianship General Counsel

Law schools including departments of:

**Career Services** Admissions

Student Services

Law libraries **Business schools** 

Undergraduate departments of History and Political

Science

Paralegal schools

Universities and colleges including:

Judicial Affairs/Student Conduct Office

Dean of Students Human Resources For teaching: Obtain several years of experience in private practice or government agency. The LLM degree and an outstanding academic record are usually required for law school teaching. Teaching allows for more flexibility of time and some lawyers teach on an adjunct basis.

For administration and student affairs, consider earning a master's degree in College Student Affairs, Higher Education Administration, or related area.

As an undergraduate, participate in campus leadership roles. In law school, secure a graduate assistantship in an office of interest, such as judicial affairs.

For librarianships, a master's in library or information science, in addition to the law degree, is often required.

# **MANY LAW SPECIALTIES EXIST INCLUDING:**

**CRIMINAL LAW** 

District Attorney's offices

Law firms

Sole practitioners

Public Defender's offices

There are two sides to criminal law: criminal defense attorneys, including public defenders, and prosecutors/district attorneys.

Criminal law requires outstanding oral and written communication skills and the ability to persuade others.

A deep understanding of federal, state, and local laws, and court procedures is necessary.

PATENT, COPYRIGHT, INTELLECTUAL **PROPERTY LAW** 

Law firms (specialized) Corporations

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

These lawyers help protect clients' claims to copyrights, inventions, patents, creative work, etc.

This highly specialized area usually requires technical, science, or engineering degrees at the undergraduate or graduate level.

### NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

## **EMPLOYERS**

### Law firms Corporations

Federal agencies, e.g., Department of

**Energy and Environmental Protection Agency** 

State agencies

Environmental compliance services companies

Regulatory commissions

Advocacy organizations and public interest groups

### **FAMILY AND JUVENILE LAW**

Law firms. Sole practitioners Government agencies Nonprofit organizations Adoption agencies

Law firms

### **HEALTH LAW**

Insurance companies **Health Maintenance Organizations** Hospitals and nursing homes Government agencies Pharmaceutical companies

### INTERNATIONAL LAW

Public:

Relations between governments and citizens Private:

Interactions of private citizens, corporations or other organizations

### Governments

Non-governmental organizations (NGOs)

United Nations World Bank Law firms

Large corporations

### **IMMIGRATION LAW**

Law firms Nonprofit organizations assisting immigrants or refugees Legal Aid Government agencies, e.g., Immigration and Customs Enforcement Corporations employing international employees

### INFORMATION/STRATEGIES

This area involves rights to resources including those in the Earth and dangers in production of energy as well as transportation, taxation, patents, clean air and water, and government regulation.

An undergraduate major in environmental science, agriculture, engineering, or science may be good preparation.

Work with families and individuals on matters such as divorce, adoption, and juvenile justice.

Represent all parties in healthcare such as hospitals, physician groups, health maintenance organizations, individual doctors, insurance companies, and patients.

This area deals with a myriad of issues faced by governments, corporations, or non-profits in an international arena.

Fluency in another language and familiarity with other cultures will help prepare one for this field.

Seek international experience by studying, volunteering, or working abroad.

Intern with a firm or organization that deals with international law.

It may be difficult to find an international law job immediately after law school.

Assist individuals or organizations dealing with issues of immigration, citizenship, naturalization, VISA/employment status, deportation, or asvlum.

Fluency in another language, particularly Spanish, may increase opportunities in this field.

# **EMPLOYERS**

### INFORMATION/STRATEGIES

### **EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR LAW**

Law firms Large corporations Government Unions

Special interest groups

Represent workers and employers on employment issues including wages, discrimination, harassment, unlawful termination, benefits and pensions, etc.

### SPORTS AND ENTERTAINMENT LAW

Law firms Sports teams Universities/colleges

Studios Record labels

Production companies

Other employers in the radio, television, movie, and

video game industries

Work with individual athletes or artists, as well as the sports and entertainment companies that hire them, on a range of issues including contracts, intellectual property, royalties, or disputes.

Firms specializing in this area are more commonly found in Los Angeles, New York City, and Nashville.

### PROPERTY/REAL ESTATE LAW

Law firms Large corporations Financial institutions Government

Property management firms

Deal with individuals or organizations on matters related to land or property. Lawyers may focus on contractual work or litigation.

### **EDUCATION LAW**

Law firms

Educational institutions including:

hospitals, and universities

K-12 school districts Universities/colleges

Government

Represent educational institutions, students, or parents on issues related to the educational process such as: special education rights, student discipline, teacher/administration selection/retention, etc.

### FINANCIAL PLANNING, ESTATE PLANNING, **INVESTMENT BANKING**

Law firms Bank trust departments Brokerage firms Insurance companies Development offices for preparatory schools. Insurance "Estate Planning" positions require interest and ability in sales.

Bank trust department positions are good for those who do not want to litigate or be confrontational.

An undergraduate major in accounting or finance may be helpful.

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# **AREAS**

# **EMPLOYERS**

# INFORMATION/STRATEGIES

### **POLITICS**

Lobbying/Government Relations Elected Office Corporations
Trade and professional associations
Political action committees
Law firms
Public interest advocacy groups
Government

Clerkship or summer associate positions with law firms providing lobbying services provide good experience.

Demonstrate an interest in politics through your undergraduate major, active campaigning, or research papers/articles.

Obtain full-time law firm experience as a stepping stone into field.

Acquire superior writing skills.

Develop a pleasing personality, enthusiasm, and high energy level. Demonstrate a service-oriented attitude.

Show ability to work with people and good communication and organizational skills.

Learn to enlist the help of others.

Consider earning a joint Masters of Public Administration/JD degree.

### **GENERAL INFORMATION FOR UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS**

- Students planning to attend law school may choose any major of interest. Some undergraduate majors can help prepare students for a particular area of law, e.g., a B.S. in environmental science for a career in environmental law. Select courses that prepare you for the rigors of law school.
- Develop strong research and writing skills. Enhance communication skills through public speaking courses, debate team, or Toast Masters (a public speaking organization).
- Maintain a high grade point average to increase chances of gaining admission to law school, and thoroughly prepare for the LSAT (Law School Admission Test).
- Visit the Law School Admission Council (LSAC) website to learn about the admissions process, law school, and the field of law.
- Join Phi Alpha Delta professional association.
- Secure strong personal recommendations from professors.
- Find part-time jobs or internships in law firms or government agencies to reality test your interest in law and to gain relevant experience.
- Participate in mock trial, student government, student judiciary boards, and other related organizations.
- Completing the law degree, Juris Doctor or JD, typically takes three years of full-time coursework. After completion, one must pass a state bar examination in order to practice law in that state.
- New law specialties are always emerging and the fields included here are not exhaustive. Consider your interests and skills when choosing an area of practice and research fields more thoroughly to learn how to effectively plan for a career in that area.
- Law school graduates may also find job opportunities outside the field of law if interested in pursuing alternatives.