# Underserved Medicine and Integrated Pediatrics Rotation Information (including Rotation Learning Outcomes, Instructional Objectives, Preceptor Evaluation of Student Form, and Rotation-Specific Curriculum Integration Table)

# **Instructor of Record for Underserved Medicine Rotation:**

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# **Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics**

## **Cardiovascular System**

Cardiomyopathy: Dilated, Hypertrophic, Restrictive, Stress

Conduction disorders/dysrhythmias: Atrial fibrillation, Atrial flutter, Atrial tachycardia, Atrioventricular block, Bradycardia, Bundle branch block, Idioventricular rhythm, Junctional, Premature contractions, QT prolongation, Sick sinus syndrome, Sinus arrhythmia, Torsades de pointes, Ventricular fibrillation, Ventricular tachycardia

Congenital heart disease: Atrial septal defect, Coarctation of the aorta, Patent ductus arteriosus, Tetralogy of Fallot, Transposition of the great vessels, Ventricular septal defect

Coronary artery disease: Acute myocardial infarction, Angina pectoris, Non–ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction, ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction, Unstable angina, Atherosclerosis

Heart failure

Hypertension: Primary hypertension, Secondary hypertension, Hypertensive emergencies,

Hypotension: Orthostatic hypotension, Vasovagal hypotension

Lipid disorder

Shock: Cardiogenic, Distributive, Hypovolemic, Obstructive

Traumatic, infectious, and inflammatory heart conditions: Cardiac tamponade, Infective

endocarditis, Myocarditis, Pericardial effusion, Pericarditis

Valvular disorders: Aortic, Mitral, Pulmonary, Tricuspid

Vascular disease: Aortic aneurysm/dissection, Arterial embolism/thrombosis, Arteriovenous

malformation, Deep vein thrombosis, Giant cell arteritis, Peripheral artery disease,

Phlebitis/thrombophlebitis, Varicose veins, Venous insufficiency

#### **Dermatologic System**

Acneiform eruptions: Acne vulgaris, Folliculitis, Perioral dermatitis, Rosacea

Desquamation: Erythema multiforme, Stevens-Johnson syndrome, Toxic epidermal necrolysis

Diseases/disorders of the hair and nails: Alopecia, Onychomycosis, Paronychia/felon

Envenomations and arthropod bite reactions

Exanthems: Erythema infectiosum (fifth disease), Hand-foot-and-mouth disease, Measles

Infectious diseases

Bacterial: Cellulitis, Erysipelas, Impetigo Fungal: Candidiasis, Dermatophyte infections

Parasitic: Lice, Scabies

Viral: Condyloma acuminatum, Exanthems, Hand-foot-and-mouth disease, Herpes simplex,

Molluscum contagiosum, Varicella-zoster virus infections, Verrucae

Keratotic disorders: Actinic keratosis, Seborrheic keratosis

Neoplasms: Benign, Malignant, Premalignant

Papulosquamous disorders: Atopic dermatitis, Contact dermatitis, Drug eruptions, Eczema,

Lichen planus, Pityriasis rosea, Psoriasis, Seborrheic dermatitis

Pigment disorders: Melasma, Vitiligo

Skin integrity: Burns, Lacerations, Pressure ulcers

Vascular abnormalities: Cherry angioma, Hemangiomas, Purpura, Stasis dermatitis,

Telangiectasia

Vesiculobullous disease: Pemphigoid, Pemphigus

Other dermatologic disorders: Acanthosis nigricans, Hidradenitis suppurativa,

Lipomas/epidermal inclusion cysts, Photosensitivity reactions, Pilonidal disease, Urticaria

# **Endocrine System**

Adrenal disorders: Cushing syndrome, Pheochromocytoma, Primary adrenal insufficiency

Diabetes mellitus: Type 1, Type 2

Hypogonadism

Neoplasms: Multiple endocrine neoplasia, Neoplastic syndrome, Primary endocrine malignancy

Parathyroid disorders: Hyperparathyroidism, Hypoparathyroidism

Pituitary disorders: Acromegaly/gigantism, Cushing disease, Diabetes insipidus, Dwarfism,

Pituitary adenoma, Prolactinoma, SIADH

Thyroid disorders: Goiter, Hyperthyroidism, Hypothyroidism, Thyroid nodules, Thyroiditis

# Eyes, Ears, Nose, and Throat

Eye disorders

Conjunctivitis

Corneal disorders, Cataract, Corneal ulcer, Infectious, Keratitis, Pterygium

Inflammatory disorders: Iritis, Scleritis, Uveitis

Lacrimal disorders: Dacryoadenitis, Dacryocystitis, Dacrostenosis, Keratoconjunctivitis sicca

Lid disorders: Blepharitis, Chalazion, Ectropion, Entropion, Hordeolum Neuro-ophthalmologic disorders: Nystagmus, Optic neuritis, Papilledema

Orbital disorders: Orbital cellulitis, Periorbital cellulitis

Retinal disorders: Macular degeneration, Retinal detachment, Retinopathy

Retinal vascular occlusion

Vision abnormalities: Amaurosis fugax, Amblyopia, Glaucoma, Strabismus, Presbyopia

Ear disorders

External ear: Cerumen impaction, Otitis externa

Inner ear: Acoustic neuroma, Dysfunction of eustachian tube, Labyrinthitis, Vertigo

Middle ear: Cholesteatoma, Otitis media, Otosclerosis, Tympanic membrane perforation

Hearing impairment: Conductive, Sensorineural

Other abnormalities of the ear: Mastoiditis, Meniere disease, Tinnitus

Foreign bodies of the eyes, ears, nose, and throat: Barotrauma of the ear, Blowout fracture,

Corneal abrasion, Globe rupture, Hyphema

Neoplasms: Benign, Malignant

Nose/sinus disorders: Epistaxis, Nasal polyps, Rhinitis, Sinusitis

Oropharyngeal disorders

Infectious/inflammatory disorders: Angioedema, Aphthous ulcers, Candidiasis, Deep neck infection, Dental abscess, Dental caries, Epiglottitis, Gingivitis, Laryngitis, Peritonsillar abscess, Pharyngitis

Salivary disorders: Parotitis, Sialadenitis Other oropharyngeal disorders: Leukoplakia

# **Gastrointestinal System/Nutrition**

Biliary disorders: Acute cholecystitis, Chronic cholecystitis, Cholangitis, Cholelithiasis Colorectal disorders: Abscess/fistula, Anal fissure, Constipation, Diverticular disease, Fecal impaction/incontinence, Hemorrhoids, Ileus, Inflammatory bowel disease, Irritable bowel syndrome, Ischemic bowel disease, Obstruction, Polyp, Rectal prolapse, Toxic megacolon Diarrhea

Esophageal disorders: Esophagitis, Gastroesophageal reflux disease, Mallory-Weiss tear,

Motility disorders, Strictures, Varices, Zenker diverticulum

Gastric disorders: Gastritis, Gastroparesis, Peptic ulcer disease, Pyloric stenosis

Gastrointestinal bleeding

Hepatic disorders: Acute hepatitis, Chronic hepatitis, Cirrhosis, Fatty liver, Portal hypertension

Hernias Hyperemesis

Ingestion of toxic substances and foreign bodies Metabolic disorders: Phenylketonuria, Rickets

Neoplasms: Benign, Malignant

Nutritional and vitamin disorders: Food allergies and food sensitivities, Hypervitaminosis/hypovitaminosis, Malabsorption, Refeeding syndrome

Obesity

Pancreatic disorders: Acute pancreatitis, Chronic pancreatitis

Small intestine disorders: Appendicitis, Celiac disease, Intussusception, Obstruction, Polyps

# **Genitourinary System**

Benign prostatic hypertrophy

Bladder disorders: Incontinence, Overactive bladder, Prolapse.

Congenital and acquired abnormalities: Cryptorchidism, Peyronie disease, Trauma,

Vesicoureteral reflux

Infectious disorders: Cystitis, Epididymitis, Fournier gangrene, Orchitis, Prostatitis,

Pyelonephritis, Urethritis

Neoplasms: Bladder, Penile, Prostate, Testicular

Nephrolithiasis/urolithiasis

Penile disorders: Erectile dysfunction, Hypospadias/epispadias, Paraphimosis/phimosis, Priapism

Testicular disorders: Hydrocele/varicocele, Testicular torsion

Urethral disorders: Prolapse, Stricture

## **Hematologic System**

Autoimmune disorders

Coagulation disorder: Clotting factor disorders, Thrombocytopenias

Cytopenias: Anemia, Leukopenia

Cytoses: Polycythemia, Thrombocytosis

Hemoglobinopathies: G6PD deficiency, Hemochromatosis, Sickle cell disease, Thalassemia

Immunologic disorders: Transfusion reaction

Neoplasms, premalignancies, and malignancies: Acute/chronic lymphocytic leukemia, Acute/chronic myelogenous leukemia, Lymphoma, Multiple myeloma, Myelodysplasia Transfusion Reaction

# **Infectious Diseases**

Bacterial diseases: Bartonella, Botulism, Campylobacter jejuni infection, Chancroid, Chlamydia, Cholera, Clostridioides difficile infection, Diphtheria, Gonococcal infections, Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus infection, Rheumatic fever, Rocky Mountain spotted fever, Salmonellosis, Shigellosis, Tetanus

Fungal diseases: Blastomycosis, Candidiasis, Coccidiomycosis, Cryptococcosis, Histoplasmosis, Pneumocystis

Mycobacterial diseases: Atypical mycobacterial disease, Tuberculosis

Parasitic diseases: Amebiasis, Giardiasis, Helminth infestations, Malaria, Pinworms,

Toxoplasmosis, Trichomoniasis

Perinatal transmission of disorders: Congenital varicella, Herpes simplex virus, Human

papillomavirus, Zika virus, Group B streptococcus

Prion diseases

Sepsis/systemic inflammatory response syndrome

Spirochetal diseases: Lyme disease, Syphilis

Viral diseases: Coronavirus infections, Cytomegalovirus infections, Epstein-Barr virus infection, Erythema infectiosum, Herpes simplex virus infections, HIV/AIDS, Human papillomavirus infections, Influenza, Measles, Mumps, Polio, Rabies, Roseola, Rubella, Varicella-zoster virus infections

#### **Musculoskeletal System**

Chest/rib disorders: Deformities, Fractures

Compartment syndrome

Degenerative diseases: Osteoarthritis

Infectious diseases: Osteomyelitis, Septic arthritis

Lower extremity disorders: Avascular necrosis, Developmental dysplasia, Extensor mechanism injuries, Fractures/dislocations, Osgood-Schlatter disease, Slipped capital femoral epiphysis, Soft-tissue injuries

Neoplasms: Benign, Malignant, Paget disease of bone

Rheumatologic disorders: Connective tissue diseases, Fibromyalgia, Gout/pseudogout, Juvenile rheumatoid arthritis, Osteoporosis, Polyarteritis nodosa, Polymyalgia rheumatic, Polymyositis, Reactive arthritis, Rheumatoid arthritis, Sjögren syndrome, Systemic lupus erythematosus, Systemic sclerosis (Scleroderma)

Spinal disorders: Ankylosing spondylitis, Herniated nucleus pulposus, Kyphosis, Scoliosis, Spinal stenosis, Spondylolistheses, Spondylolysis, Sprain/strain, Torticollis, Trauma Thoracic outlet syndrome

Upper extremity disorders: Fractures/dislocations, Soft-tissue injuries

## Neurologic System

Cerebrovascular disorders: Arteriovenous malformation, Cerebral aneurysm, Coma, Hydrocephalus, Intracranial hemorrhage, Stroke, Syncope, Transient ischemic attack Closed head injuries: Concussion, Post-concussion syndrome, Traumatic brain injury

Cranial nerve palsies

Encephalopathic disorders

Headaches: Cluster headache, Migraine, Tension headache

Infectious disorders: Encephalitis, Meningitis

Movement disorders: Essential tremor, Huntington disease, Parkinson disease, Restless leg

syndrome, Tourette disorder, Tardive dyskinesia

Neoplasms: Benign, Malignant

Nerve disorders: Complex regional pain syndrome, Guillain-Barre syndrome, mononeuropathies,

peripheral neuropathies

Neurocognitive disorders: Cognitive impairment, Delirium

Neuromuscular disorders: Cerebral palsy, Multiple sclerosis, Myasthenia gravis

Seizure disorders: Focal seizure, Generalized seizures, Status epilepticus

Spinal cord syndromes: Cauda equina syndrome, Epidural abscess, Spinal cord injuries

# **Psychiatry/Behavioral Science**

Abuse and neglect: Child abuse, Elder abuse, Intimate partner violence, Physical abuse,

Psychological abuse, Sexual abuse

Anxiety disorders: Generalized anxiety disorder, Panic disorder, Phobias

Bipolar and related disorders

Depressive disorders: Major depressive disorder, Persistent depressive disorder (dysthymia),

Premenstrual dysphoric disorder, Suicidal/homicidal behaviors

Disruptive, impulse-control, and conduct disorders

Dissociative disorders

Feeding and eating disorders

Human sexuality and gender dysphoria

Neurodevelopmental disorders: Attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder, Autism spectrum

disorder

Obsessive-compulsive and related disorders

Personality disorders

Psychogenic nonepileptic seizure

Schizophrenia spectrum and other psychotic disorders

Sleep-wake disorders

Somatic symptom and related disorders

Substance-related and addictive disorders

Trauma- and stressor-related disorders: Adjustment disorders, Bereavement, Post-traumatic stress disorder

#### **Pulmonary System**

Acute respiratory distress syndrome Foreign body aspiration Hyaline membrane disease Infectious disorders: Acute bronchiolitis Acute bronchitis

Acute epiglottitis

Croup

Empyema

Influenza

Pertussis

Pneumonias: Bacterial, Fungal, HIV-related, Viral

Respiratory syncytial virus infection

**Tuberculosis** 

Neoplasms: Benign, Malignant, Carcinoid tumors

Obesity hypoventilation syndrome

Obstructive pulmonary diseases: Asthma, Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, Cystic fibrosis

Pleural diseases

Pulmonary circulation: Cor pulmonale, Pulmonary edema, Pulmonary embolism, Pulmonary

hypertension

Restrictive pulmonary diseases: Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, Pneumoconiosis, Sarcoidosis

Sleep apnea

# **Renal System**

Acid-base disorders

Acute kidney injury and acute renal failure: Intrinsic, Prerenal, Postrenal

Chronic kidney disease/end-stage renal disease

Congenital or structural renal disorders: Horseshoe kidney, Hydronephrosis, Polycystic kidney

disease

Electrolyte disorders

Fluid imbalances

Neoplasms: Renal cell carcinoma, Wilms tumor

Renal vascular disease

Rhabdomyolysis

# **Reproductive System**

Breast disorders: Abscess, Fibroadenoma, Fibrocystic changes, Galactorrhea, Gynecomastia,

Mastitis

Cervical disorders: Cervicitis, Dysplasia

Contraceptive methods

Human sexuality and gender identity

Infertility

Menopause

Menstrual disorders

Neoplasms of the breast and reproductive tract: Benign, Malignant Ovarian disorders: Cysts, Polycystic ovarian syndrome, Torsion

Pelvic inflammatory disease

Pregnancy: Abruptio placentae, Breech presentation, Cervical insufficiency, Cesarean and operative delivery, Classifications of abortion, Ectopic pregnancy, Gestational diabetes, Gestational trophoblastic disease, Hypertensive disorders of pregnancy, Labor/delivery, Multiple gestation, Placenta previa, Postnatal/postpartum care, Postpartum hemorrhage, Postpartum

pituitary disorders, Postpartum psychiatry disorders, Preconception/prenatal care, Prelabor rupture of membranes, Rh incompatibility, Shoulder dystocia, Umbilical cord prolapse

Trauma in pregnancy: Physical, Psychological, Sexual

Uterine disorders: Endometriosis, Leiomyoma, Prolapse

Vaginal/vulvar disorders: Bartholin gland cysts, Cystocele, Prolapse, Rectocele, Vaginitis

# **Pediatrics**

Dermatology: Acne vulgaris, Androgenetic alopecia, Atopic dermatitis, Burns, Contact Dermatitis, Dermatitis (diaper, perioral), Drug eruptions, Erythema multiforme, Exanthems, Impetigo, Lice, Lichen planus, Pityriasis rosea, Scabies, Stevens-Johnson syndrome, Tinea, Toxic epidermal necrolysis, Urticaria, Verrucae

ENOT/Ophthalmology: Acute otitis media, Acute pharyngotonsillitis, Allergic rhinitis, Conjunctivitis, Epiglottitis, Epistaxis, Hearing impairment, Mastoiditis, Oral candidiasis, Orbital cellulitis, Otitis externa, Peritonsillar abscess, Strabismus, Tympanic membrane perforation Infectious Disease: Atypical mycobacterial disease, Epstein-Barr disease, Erythema infectiosum, Hand-foot-and-mouth disease, Herpes simplex, Influenza, Measles, Mumps, Pertussis, Pinworms, Roseola, Rubella, Varicella infection

Pulmonology: Acute bronchiolitis, Asthma, Croup, Cystic fibrosis, Foreign body, Hyaline membrane disease, Pneumonia (bacterial, viral), Respiratory syncytial virus Cardiovascular: Acute rheumatic fever, Atrial septal defect, Coarctation of the aorta, Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, Kawasaki disease, Patent ductus arteriosus, Syncope, Tetralogy of Fallot, Ventricular septal defect

Gastrointestinal/Nutritional System: Appendicitis, Colic, Constipation, Dehydration, Duodenal atresia, Encopresis, Foreign body, Gastroenteritis, Gastroesophageal reflux disease, Hepatitis, Hirschsprung disease, Inguinal hernia, Intussusception, Jaundice, Lactose intolerance, Niacin deficiencies, Pyloric stenosis, Umbilical hernia, Vitamin A deficiency, Vitamin C deficiency, Vitamin D deficiency

Neurology/Developmental: Anticipatory guidance, Down syndrome, Febrile seizure, Immunization guidelines, Meningitis, Normal growth and development, Seizure disorders, Teething, Turner syndrome

Psychiatry/Behavioral Medicine: Anxiety disorders, Attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder, Autism spectrum disorder, Child abuse and neglect, Disruptive/impulse-control/and conduct disorders, Feeding or eating disorders, Suicide, Depressive disorders

Orthopedics/Rheumatology: Avascular necrosis of the proximal femur, Congenital hip dysplasia, Juvenile rheumatoid arthritis, Neoplasia of the musculoskeletal system, Nursemaid elbow, Osgood-Schlatter disease, Scoliosis, Slipped capital femoral epiphysis

Endocrinology: Diabetes mellitus, Hypercalcemia, Hyperthyroidism, Hypothyroidism, Obesity, Short stature

Hematology: Anemia, Bleeding disorders, Brain tumors, Hemophilia, Lead poisoning, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Neutropenia

Urology/Renal: Cryptorchidism, Cystitis, Enuresis, Glomerulonephritis, Hydrocele, Hypospadias, Paraphimosis, Phimosis, Testicular torsion, Vesicourethral reflux

<b>Underserved Medicine Clinical and Technical Skills</b>	
Clinical Skills	
	Demonstrate proper setup and
	technique for a fundoscopic exam
	(RLO3, Clinical and Technical Skills
	Checklist)
	Elicit a detailed and accurate patient
	history on adult (18-64 yrs) and
	elderly ( $\geq$ 65 yrs) patients in an
	outpatient setting (RLO2)
	Perform an appropriate physical
	examination on adult (18-64 yrs) and
	elderly ( $\geq$ 65 yrs) patients in an
	outpatient setting (RLO2)
	Elicit a detailed and accurate patient
	history for patients seeking acute,
	chronic, and preventive care in an
	outpatient setting (RLO2)
	Perform an appropriate physical
	exam for patients seeking acute,
	chronic, and preventive care in an
	outpatient setting (RLO2)
	Document wellness and preventive
	encounters (RLO4)
	Document acute problem-focused
	encounters (RLO4)
	Document chronic disease follow-up
	encounters (RLO4) Interpret laboratory tests common to
	underserved medicine, including
	CBC, CMP, lipid panel, capillary
	blood glucose test, urinalysis, and
	urine culture results in the context of
	a patient's history and physical exam
	(RLO2, RLO3, Clinical and
	Technical Skills Checklist)
	Select appropriate medications
	(RLO3)
	Select appropriate dose for
	medications (RLO3)
	Prescribe medications for acute and
	chronic conditions (RLO3)
Technical Skills	

Demonstrate a preprocedural checklist (RLO3, Clinical and
checklist (RLO3, Clinical and
Technical Skills Checklist)
Perform a finger stick (RLO3,
Clinical and Technical Skills
Checklist)
Pediatric Clinical and Technical Skills
Clinical Skills Elicit a detailed and accurate patient
history on infant (<1 yr old), child
(1-10 yrs), and adolescent (11-17
yrs) patients in an outpatient setting
(RLO2, Clinical and Technical Skills
Checklist)
Perform an appropriate physical
examination on infant (<1 yr old),
child (1-10 yrs), and adolescent (11-
7 yrs) patients in an outpatient
setting (RLO2, Clinical and
Technical Skills Checklist)
Demonstrate proper setup and
technique for a pediatric otoscopic
examination (RLO3, Clinical and
Technical Skills Checklist)
Technical Skills Demonstrate proper setup and
technique for collection of a throat
swab sample in a pediatric patient
(RLO3, Clinical and Technical Skills
Checklist)

# **Underserved Medicine Rotation Learning Outcomes and Instructional Objectives**

Upon completion of the underserved medicine clinical rotation,

Rotation Learning Outcome	Instructional Objective
Students will demonstrate medical	•
knowledge of the pathophysiology,	
etiology, epidemiology, patient	
presentation, differential diagnosis,	
diagnostic work-up, patient management,	
health promotion, and disease prevention	
for common conditions (listed in	
<b>Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation</b>	
Topics above) encountered in underserved	
medicine for patients seeking medical care	
for the following age populations: infants,	
children, adolescents, adults, and elderly.	
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Explain the pathophysiology of the clinical
	presentations of conditions listed in the
	Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation
	Topics (above) in adult and elderly patients
	(MK-PLO3)
	Pediatric instructional objective: Explain the pathophysiology of the clinical presentations
	of conditions listed in the Underserved
	Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in
	infants, children, and adolescents (MK-PLO3)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Describe the etiology and epidemiology of the
	clinical conditions listed in the Underserved
	Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in
	adult and elderly patients (MK-PLO3)
	Pediatric instructional objective: Discuss the
	etiology and epidemiology of clinical
	conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine
	Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in infants,
	children, and adolescents. (MK-PLO3)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Distinguish normal aging from pathologic
	process. (MK-PLO3)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Identify the patient presentation of conditions
	listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical
	Rotation Topics (above) in adult and elderly
	patients. (MK-PLO3)

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	Pediatric instructional objective: Identify the patient presentation of conditions listed in the
	Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation
	Topics (above) in infants, children, and
	adolescents. (MK-PLO3)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Differentiate how acute and chronic disease
	processes listed in the Underserved Medicine
	Clinical Rotation Topics (above) may present
	in adult and elderly populations. (MK-PLO3)
	Pediatric instructional objective: Differentiate
	how disease processes of conditions listed in
	the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation
	Topics (above) may present in the infant,
	child, adolescent populations. (MK-PLO3)
	Underserved Medicine instructional objective:
	Explain the appropriate diagnostic workup of
	the clinical conditions listed in the
	Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation
	Topics (above) in adults and elderly. (MK-
	PLO3)
	Pediatric instructional objective: Explain the
	appropriate diagnostic workup of the clinical
	conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine
	Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in infants,
	children, and adolescents. (MK-PLO3)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Formulate a differential diagnosis for patient
	presentations of conditions listed in the
	Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation
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	Topics (above) in adult and elderly patients.  (MK-PLO3)  Pediatric instructional objective: Formulate a differential diagnosis for patient presentations of conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in infants, children, and adolescents. (MK-PLO3)  Underserved medicine instructional objective: Compare and contrast the risks and benefits of diagnostic studies and treatment plans for conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in adult and elderly populations. (MK-PLO3)

Pediatric instructional objective: Compare and contrast the risks and benefits of diagnostic studies and treatment plans for conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in infant, child, and adolescent populations. (MK-PLO3)  Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Summarize the indications and contraindications of procedures commonly used in the treatment of conditions listed in the
Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above). (MK PLO-2)
Underserved medicine instructional objective: Compare and contrast the risks and benefits of procedures indicated for conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) for adult and elderly patients. (MK PLO-3)
Pediatric instructional objective: Compare and contrast the risks and benefits of procedures indicated for conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) for infants, children, and adolescents. (MK PLO-3)
Underserved medicine instructional objective: Outline the appropriate management of the clinical conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in adult and elderly patients. (MK-PLO3)
Pediatric instructional objective: Outline the appropriate management of the clinical conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in infants, children, and adolescents. (MK-PLO3)
Underserved medicine instructional objective: Identify the common medication problems specific to the adult and elderly populations, including polypharmacy, potential toxic interactions of drugs, compliance issues, and the complexity of new medication prescribing. (MK-PLO3)
Pediatric instructional objective: Identify the common medication problems specific to infant, child, and adolescent populations, including dosing, potential toxic effects of

drugs, compliance issues, and the complexity
of new medication prescribing. (MK-PLO3)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Describe health promotion in relation to the
management of the clinical conditions listed in
the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation
Topics (above) in adult and elderly patients.
(MK-PLO3)
Pediatric instructional objective: Describe
health promotion in relation to the
management of clinical conditions listed in the
Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation
Topics (above) in infants, children, and
adolescents. (MK-PLO3)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Describe disease prevention for clinical
conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine
Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in adult and
elderly patients. (MK-PLO3)
Pediatric instructional objective: Describe
disease prevention for clinical conditions
listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical
Rotation Topics (above) in infants, children,
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and adolescents. (MK-PLO3)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Identify national screening guidelines for adult
and elderly patients for the applicable clinical conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine
Clinical Rotation Topics (above). (MK-
PLO2)  Redictric instructional chicative Identify
Pediatric instructional objective: Identify
national screening guidelines for infants,
children, and adolescents for the applicable
clinical conditions listed in the Underserved
Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above).
(MK-PLO2)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Interpret and apply immunization guidelines
for adult and elderly patients. (MK PLO-3)
Pediatric instructional objective: Interpret and
apply immunization guidelines for infants,
children, and adolescents. (MK PLO-3)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Recognize when it is appropriate to obtain
informed consent for adult and elderly
patients.

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Pediatric instructional objective: Recognize
when it is appropriate to obtain informed
consent for infants, children, and
adolescents. (MK-PLO3)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Identify signs of abuse and how to report
suspected abuse in adult and elderly patients.
(MK PLO-3)
Pediatric instructional objective: Identify signs
of abuse and how to report suspected abuse in
infants, children, and adolescents. (MK PLO-
3)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Describe major age-related changes in body
composition and function that affect the
pharmacokinetic process in adult and elderly
patients. (MK-PLO2)
Pediatric instructional objective: Describe
major age-related changes in body
composition and function that affect the
pharmacokinetic process in infants, children,
and adolescents. (MK-PLO2)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Discuss medications commonly used in the
outpatient treatment of conditions listed in the
Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation
Topics (above), including indications,
contraindications, possible drug interactions,
mechanism of action, most common side
effects, need for laboratory monitoring, and
appropriate dosage for adult and elderly
patients. (MK PLO-3)
Pediatric instructional objective: Discuss
medications commonly used in the treatment
of conditions listed in the Underserved
Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above),
including indications, contraindications,
possible drug interactions, mechanism of
action, most common side effects, need for
laboratory monitoring, and appropriate dosage
for infants, children, and adolescents. (MK
PLO-3)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Interpret and apply healthcare guidelines for
asthma, COPD, Diabetes, Hypertension,
Hyperlipidemia, Heart Failure, Stable Angina,
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	and Pneumonia in adult and elderly patients. (MK PLO-3)
	Pediatric instructional objective: Interpret and apply healthcare guidelines for asthma, Diabetes, and Pneumonia in infants, children, and adolescents. (MK PLO-3)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective: Select appropriate prescription medication(s)
	and dosing for the treatment of conditions
	listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in adult and elderly
	patients. (MK PLO-3)
	Pediatric instructional objective: Select
	appropriate prescription medication(s) and dosing for the treatment of conditions in
	infants, children, and adolescents. (MK PLO-
	3)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective: Actively participate in the management of
	adult and elderly patients. (MK- PLO3)
	Pediatric instructional objective: Actively
	participate in the management of infants, children, and adolescents. (PC- PLO4)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Define underserved. (MK-PLO1)
Students will elicit a detailed and accurate patient history, perform an appropriate	
physical examination, appropriately use	
and interpret diagnostic testing and	
laboratory studies, and formulate differential diagnoses, assessments, and	
management plans for	
symptoms/conditions (listed in	
Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics above) commonly encountered in	
infant, children, adolescent, adult, and	
elderly patients seeking acute, chronic,	
and preventive care in an outpatient setting.	
	Underserved medicine instructional objective: Demonstrate an age-appropriate comprehensive preventive history and physical exam for adult and elderly patients in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC-PLO1, PC-PLO2)

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Pediatric instructional objective: Demonstrate an age-appropriate comprehensive preventive history and physical exam for infant, child, and adolescent patients in an outpatient underserved medicine setting. (PC-PLO1, PC- PLO2)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Demonstrate an age-appropriate problem- focused history and physical exam for acute
and chronic conditions in adult and elderly patients in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC PLO-1, PC-PLO-2)
Pediatric instructional objective: Demonstrate
an age-appropriate problem-focused history
and physical exam for acute and chronic
conditions on an infant, child, and adolescent
in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC-
PLO1, PC-PLO2)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Select appropriate preventative exams and
screening tests for adults and elderly patients in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC-
PLO4)
Pediatrics instructional objective: Select
appropriate preventative exams and screening
tests for infants, children, and adolescents in
an outpatient underserved setting. (PC-
PLO4)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Select and interpret appropriate diagnostic and
laboratory studies related to preventive, acute, and chronic care for conditions listed in the
Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation
Topics (above) in adult and elderly patients in
an outpatient underserved setting. (PC-PLO3)
Pediatric instructional objective: Select and
interpret appropriate diagnostic and laboratory
studies related to preventive, acute, and
chronic care for conditions listed in the
Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation
Topics (above) in infants, children, and adolescents in an outpatient underserved
setting. (PC-PLO3)
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Underserved medicine instructional objective: Formulate an appropriate differential diagnosis for acute and chronic conditions based on history, physical examination, diagnostic data, and clinical reasoning for adult and elderly patients in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC-PLO4)
Pediatric instructional objective: Formulate an appropriate differential diagnosis for acute and chronic conditions based on history, physical examination, diagnostic data, and clinical reasoning for infants, children, and adolescents in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC-PLO4)
Underserved medicine instructional objective: Develop an appropriate assessment, management care plan, and disposition of adult and elderly patients, given all pertinent medical data, including history, physical exam, laboratory, and diagnostic data in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC-PLO4)
Pediatric instructional objective: Develop an appropriate assessment, management care plan, and disposition of infants, children, and adolescents, given all pertinent medical data, including history, physical exam, laboratory, and diagnostic data in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC-PLO4)
Underserved medicine instructional objective: Integrate acute, chronic, and preventive care needs into comprehensive, patient-centered management plans for adult and elderly patients in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC-PLO4)
Pediatric instructional objective: Integrate acute, chronic, and preventive care needs into comprehensive, patient-centered management plans for infants, children, and adolescents in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC-PLO4)
Underserved medicine instructional objective: Actively participate in the management of adult and elderly patients with acute and chronic conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC-PLO4)

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	Pediatric instructional objective: Actively participate in the management of infants, children, and adolescents with acute and chronic conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC-PLO4)
	Underserved instructional objective: Appraise a patient's health with preventive screening exams that follow appropriate medical guidelines for adult and elderly patients related to conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC PLO-4)
	Pediatric instructional objective: Appraise a patient's health with preventive screening exams that follow appropriate medical guidelines for infant, child and adolescent patients related to conditions listed in the Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics (above) in an outpatient underserved setting. (PC PLO-4)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective: Analyze results of Michigan Automated Provider (MAPS). (PC-PLO3)
Students will proficiently demonstrate the clinical and technical skills essential for underserved medicine practice, as outlined in the Underserved Medicine and Pediatric Clinical and Technical Skills lists.	
	Underserved medicine instructional objective: Demonstrate the use of preprocedural checklists, including verifying patient identity, confirming the procedure, reviewing informed consent, and ensuring safety protocols are followed. (PC-PLO5)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective: Describe the rationale for performing a finger stick procedure and demonstrate proper preparation, execution, and collection of an adequate blood sample while minimizing patient discomfort. (PC-PLO5)

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	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Interpret finger stick test results promptly,
	recognizing normal ranges and potential
	implications for patient management. (PC-
	PLO4)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective
	Demonstrate proper technique for a finger
	stick procedure. (PC-PLO2)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Prescribe medications for acute and chronic
	conditions. (MK PLO-3)
	Underserved medicine instructional
	objectives: Demonstrate proper setup and
	technique for a fundoscopic exam and identify
	normal and abnormal findings. (PC-PLO2)
	Pediatric instructional objective: Demonstrate
	proper setup and technique for an otoscopic
	exam in pediatric patients and identify normal
	and abnormal findings. (PC-PLO2)
	Pediatric instructional objective: Demonstrate
	proper preparation, positioning, and collection
	of a throat swab sample, ensuring
	contamination is avoided. (PC-PLO5)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Distinguish between normal and abnormal
	laboratory values, integrate results with the
	patient's clinical presentation, and use clinical
	reasoning to develop a management plan. (PC-
	PLO3)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Assess the patient's clinical condition, select
	appropriate medication based on diagnosis and
	guidelines, and adjust medication selection
	and dosage based on age, weight,
	comorbidities, and contraindications. (PC-
	PLO5)
Students will document information	<i>′</i>
clearly and appropriately in underserved	
medicine, including (a) wellness and	
preventive encounters, (b) acute problem-	
focused encounters, and (c) chronic	
disease follow-up encounters.	
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Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Document a wellness preventive care note for
adult and elderly patients, ensuring specific
attention to the distinct needs of each age
group. (ICS-PLO2)
Pediatric instructional objective: Document a
well-child preventive care note for infant,
child, and adolescent patients, ensuring
specific attention to the distinct needs of each
age group. (ICS-PLO2)
Underserved instructional objective:
Document an acute problem-focused medical
note for adult and elderly patients, ensuring
specific attention to the distinct needs of each
age group. (ICS-PLO2)
Pediatric instructional objective: Document an
acute problem-focused medical note for infant,
child, and adolescent patients, ensuring
specific attention to the distinct needs of each
age group. (ICS-PLO2)
Underserved instructional objective:
Document a chronic problem-focused medical
note for adult and elderly patients, ensuring
specific attention to the distinct needs of each
age group. (ICS-PLO2)
Pediatric instructional objective: Document a
chronic problem-focused medical note for
infant, child, and adolescent patients, ensuring
specific attention to the distinct needs of each
age group. (ICS-PLO2)
Underserved instructional objective:
Document information clearly and accurately
at an appropriate level for patients, colleagues,
and teachers. (ICS-PLO2)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Demonstrate the ability to integrate
documentation across preventive, acute, and
chronic care encounters, ensuring continuity
and accuracy of patient information in an
underserved setting. (ICS-PLO2)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Adapt documentation to reflect the social,
cultural, and resource-limited contexts of
underserved medicine, ensuring clear
communication of barriers to care and
resource constraints. (ICS-PLO2)
1030 are constraints. (103-1 LO2)

	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Document information that ensures continuity
	of care for underserved populations, with a
	focus on care transitions, follow-up needs, and
	resource coordination. (ICS-PLO2)
Students will listen empathetically and	
effectively, communicate clearly, utilize	
shared decision-making, and provide	
patient education and patient counseling	
for patients seeking care in underserved	
medicine.	
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Utilize open-ended questions, active listening,
	and empathetic communication to elicit patient
	preferences, values, goals, and concerns while
	providing space for patients to fully articulate
	their thoughts without interruption. (ICS-
	PLO1)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Communicate complex medical information
	clearly and comprehensively, using plain
	language and avoiding medical jargon, while
	tailoring the content and delivery to the
	patient's level of understanding and health literacy. (ICS-PLO3)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Deliver clear, concise, and well-organized oral
	case presentations using a structured format,
	ensuring the inclusion of pertinent patient
	information to effectively communicate with
	preceptors and the healthcare team, fostering
	collaboration and continuity of care. (ICS-
	PLO3) Undersarved medicine instructional chicatives
	Underserved medicine instructional objective: Identify and address communication barriers
	with diverse patient populations and adapt
	communication style and information context
	to ensure understanding, effective interaction,
	and culturally sensitive care. (ICS PLO-3)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Collaborate with the patient and family to
	identify realistic goals, develop a shared
	understanding of diagnoses and treatment
	options, and explain the risks and benefits of
	diagnostic studies and treatments, while
	demonstrating empathetic listening to clarify

	misconceptions and address concerns or fears. (ICS PLO-5)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective: Deliver age-appropriate patient-centered education and counseling, including health promotion, disease prevention, and evidence- based written materials tailored to the patient's
	needs and health literacy, to patients seeking care in underserved medicine. (ICS-PLO5)  Underserved medicine instructional objective: Provide patient-centered counseling that addresses emotional, psychological, and social
	concerns (ICS-PLO5)  Underserved medicine instructional objective: Assess patient understanding of medical information and treatment plans and address any gaps in comprehension (ICS-PLO3)
Students will facilitate difficult health care conversations in underserved medicine.	Underserved medicine instructional objective: Establish rapport and trust with patients and their family members by demonstrating empathy, active listening, and respect for their emotions, perspectives, and concerns while
	maintaining professionalism and objectivity. (ICS PLO-4)  Underserved medicine instructional objective: Create a supportive environment conducive to open and honest dialogue, ensuring that the
	patient and their family feel comfortable expressing their thoughts, emotions, and preferences. (ICS PLO-4)  Underserved medicine instructional objective: Demonstrate sensitivity and cultural competence in addressing sensitive topics,
	such as end-of-life care, advance directives, or difficult treatment decisions, while respecting diverse perspectives and values. (ICS PLO-4)

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	Underserved medicine instructional objective: Provide emotional support and connect patients and their families with appropriate resources to help them cope with difficult emotions and navigate the healthcare system effectively. (ICS PLO-4)
Students will demonstrate compassion,	
integrity, respect, patient responsiveness,	
and accountability while providing care to	
patients in underserved medicine.	
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Demonstrate empathy, understanding,
	compassion, and sensitivity to the emotional,
	social, developmental, cultural, and diverse
	backgrounds of patients and their families,
	including age, gender, and disabilities. (P-
	PLO1)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Respect patient confidentiality and privacy,
	ensuring that sensitive information is handled
	appropriately and securely. (P-PLO1)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Use inclusive language and cultural sensitivity
	when interacting with patients and their
	families to foster trust and respect. (P-PLO1)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Exhibit professionalism in interactions with
	patients, families, and healthcare team
	members, including maintaining appropriate
	dress, punctual attendance, and a professional
	attitude in all clinical settings. (P-PLO1)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Prioritize patient care over personal comfort or
	preferences, demonstrating a willingness to
	adjust schedules or extend work hours to
	accommodate patient needs. (P-PLO2)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Demonstrate flexibility, attentiveness, and
	responsiveness in addressing patient concerns
	and unexpected changes. (P-PLO2)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Take accountability for actions, decisions, and
	the quality of care provided, ensuring
	continuous evaluation and improvement. (P-
	PLO3)
	1100)

	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Evaluate and integrate community resources to
	support patient care in underserved medicine.
	(P PLO-3)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Demonstrate motivation and desire to learn. (P
	PLO-3)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Demonstrate knowledge of the legal and
	regulatory requirements of the role of a
	physician assistant. (P-PLO4)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Exhibit integrity by adhering to ethical
	standards, acting with honesty, and
	maintaining professional accountability in all
	interactions and decisions." (P-PLO1)
	Underserved medicine instructional
	objective: Advocate for equitable care and
	implement strategies to overcome systemic barriers in underserved medicine. (P-PLO1)
	Underserved medicine instructional
	objective: Summarize steps to the referral
	process and identify barriers that prevent
	underserved patients from attending specialist
	appointments. (P-PLO1)
	Underserved medicine instructional
	objective: Demonstrate compassion by
	providing patient-centered care and support in
	resource-limited and challenging situations,
	addressing the unique needs of underserved
	patients. (P PLO3)
Students will, (a) seek, implement, and	
accept feedback, (b) reflect on	
performance and develop plans for self-	
improvement, and (c) locate, appraise, and	
integrate evidence-based studies related to	
underserved medicine.	
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Proactively seek feedback from their preceptor
	on clinical performance, communication skills,
	and professional behavior, demonstrating
	openness to constructive criticism and
	willingness to apply it to improve. (PBL PI-
	PLO1)

Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Develop action plans based on feedback
including specific goals and timelines for
implementation. (PBL PI-PLO1)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Recognize personal and professional
limitations, and locate assistance from
preceptors, colleagues, and reference materials
to address areas needing improvement. (PBL
PI-PLO1)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Monitor progress towards goals over time,
adjusting action plans as necessary based on
ongoing reflection and feedback. (PBL PI
PLO-2)
Underserved instructional objective: Develop
the ability to learn from practice. (PBL PI
PLO-2)
Underserved medicine instructional
objective: Demonstrate lifelong learning by
interpreting independent readings, assessing
medical evidence, and applying decision-
making tools to provide evidence-based
patient care in underserved medicine. (PBL
PI-PLO3)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Recognize the importance of lifelong learning
in the medical field. (PBL PI PLO-3)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Assess and effectively communicate medical
evidence to patients, colleagues, and
healthcare teams to support shared decision-
making and patient care. (PBL PI PLO-3)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Utilize medical information technology to
access and appraise online medical resources,
enhance personal education, support clinical
decision-making, and educate patients. (PBL
PI PLO-3)

In an outpatient underserved setting, students will (a) promote a safe environment, (b) demonstrate knowledge of quality improvement methodologies and metrics, (c) recognize the unique role of PAs and other health professions, (d) work effectively with other health professionals to provide collaborative, patient-centered care, (e) incorporate considerations of cost awareness and funding, and (g) describe basic health payment systems and practice models.	
moucis.	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Operate under the rules of HIPAA to preserve
	patient confidentiality in an outpatient
	underserved medicine setting. (SBP PLO-1)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Practice according to policy and procedures
	set forth by the health care facility. (SBP PLO-
	1)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Identify barriers and challenges to
	implementing quality improvement initiatives
	in an outpatient underserved medicine setting and propose strategies to overcome them.
	(SBP PLO-2)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Discuss the appropriate use of controlled
	substances and statewide tracking systems to
	ensure ethical and legal patient care in an
	outpatient underserved setting. (SBP PLO-2) Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Encourage a culture of safety and
	collaboration within the healthcare team by
	promoting open communication, error
	reporting, mutual respect, and teamwork while
	providing patient-centered care in an
	outpatient underserved setting. (SBP-PLO3)
	Underserved medicine instructional objective:
	Identify the steps of the referral process for
	patients and the roles of other healthcare
	professionals in the participation of your
	patient's care in an outpatient underserved
	setting. (SBP-PLO3)

Underserved medicine instructional objective: Employ a professional relationship with the preceptors and other healthcare team members in an outpatient underserved setting. (SBP- PLO4)
Underserved medicine instructional objective: Efficiently manage patient flow and clinic scheduling to optimize access to care and minimize wait times for patients seeking care
in an outpatient underserved setting. (SBP-PLO5)
Underserved medicine instructional objective: Communicate effectively with administrative staff, medical assistants, and other members of the healthcare team to coordinate patient care activities and ensure smooth health care operations in an outpatient underserved setting. (SBP-PLO4, SBP-PLO5)
Underserved medicine instructional objective: Evaluate cost-effective healthcare resources that do not compromise the quality of care for patients in an outpatient underserved setting. (SBP PLO-6)
Underserved medicine instructional objective: Assess the impact poverty or access to services may have on your treatment plan. (SBP-PLO6)
Underserved medicine instructional objective: Discuss treatment options for patient care in an unbiased manner, considering both clinical effectiveness and cost implications and involving patients in shared decision-making, in an outpatient underserved setting. (SBP PLO-6)
Underserved medicine instructional objective: Educate patients about potential out-of-pocket expenses, insurance coverage limitations, and available resources for financial assistance or cost savings programs in an outpatient underserved medicine setting. (SBP PLO-6)
Underserved medicine instructional objective: Describe common practice models in an outpatient underserved setting. (SBP PLO-6)

Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Demonstrate an understanding of the roles and
responsibilities of PAs and other healthcare
professionals in an outpatient underserved
setting, including their contributions to
population health, care coordination, and cost
reduction through preventive services and
chronic disease management. (SBP PLO-6)
Underserved medicine instructional objective:
Choose appropriate billing codes for payment
services under the direct supervision of the
preceptor in an outpatient underserved setting
(SBP-PLO7)
Underserved medicine instructional
objective: Identify funding sources and
payment systems, including eligible patient
populations for Medicaid and Medicare, in an
outpatient underserved setting. (SBP-PLO7)

# **Underserved Medicine Rotation Curriculum Integration Table**

Rotation Learning Outcome	Assessment Method (Benchmark Requirements)	PAS Program Goal	PAS Program Learning Outcome (ARC- PA)/Student Learning Outcomes (GVSU)
Students will demonstrate medical knowledge of the pathophysiology, etiology, epidemiology, patient presentation, differential diagnosis, diagnostic work-up, patient management, health promotion, and disease prevention	Preceptor Evaluation (80% average score on Medical Knowledge competency section)  End of rotation examination (≥70%)	Medical Knowledge and Competence in Patient Care	MK #2 MK#3
for common conditions (listed in Underserved Medicine Clinical Rotation Topics above) encountered in underserved medicine for patients seeking medical care for the following age populations: infants, children, adolescents, adults, and elderly.			

Students will elicit	Preceptor Evaluation	Medical Knowledge and	PC #1
a detailed and	(80% average score on	Competence in Patient Care	PC #2
accurate patient	Patient Care		PC #3
history, perform an	competency section)		PC #4
appropriate	competency seemen)		10 // 1
physical			
1 = -			
examination,			
appropriately use			
and interpret			
diagnostic testing			
and laboratory			
studies, and			
formulate			
differential			
diagnoses,			
assessments, and			
management plans			
for			
symptoms/conditio			
ns (listed in			
Underserved			
Medicine Clinical			
Rotation Topics			
above) commonly			
encountered in			
infant, children,			
adolescent, adult,			
and elderly patients			
seeking			
acute, chronic, and			
preventive care in			
*			
an outpatient			
setting.	D ( E 1 (	)	DC 115
Students will	Preceptor Evaluation	Medical Knowledge and	PC #5
proficiently	(80% average score on	Competence in Patient Care	
demonstrate the	Patient Care		
clinical and	competency section)		
technical skills			
essential for			
underserved	Clinical and Technical		
medicine practice,	Skills Checklist		
as outlined in the	(Pass/Fail)		
Underserved	(1 455/1 411)		
Medicine and			
Pediatric Clinical			

and Technical Skills lists.			
Students will document information clearly and appropriately in underserved medicine, including (a) wellness and preventive encounters, (b) acute problemfocused encounters, and (c) chronic disease follow-up encounters.	Preceptor Evaluation (80% average score on Interpersonal and Communication Skills competency section)	Medical Knowledge and Patient Care	ICS#2
Students will listen empathetically and effectively, communicate clearly, utilize shared decision-	Preceptor Evaluation (80% average score on Interpersonal and Communication Skills competency section)	Medical Knowledge and Patient Care	ICS #1
making, and provide patient education and patient counseling for patients seeking care in underserved medicine.		Collaborative Practice	ICS #3 ICS #5
Students will facilitate difficult health care conversations in underserved medicine.	Preceptor Evaluation (80% average score on Interpersonal and Communication Skills competency section)	Collaborative Practice	ICS #4
Students will demonstrate compassion, integrity, respect, patient responsiveness, and accountability while providing care to patients in	Preceptor Evaluation (80% average score on Professionalism competency section)	Professionalism	P #1 P #2 P #3

underserved			
medicine.			
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Students will, (a)	Preceptor Evaluation	Lifelong Learning	PBLPI #1 PBLPI #2
seek, implement,	(80% average score on		PBLPI #2 PBLPI #3
and accept	Practice-Based Learning		PBLP1#3
feedback, (b) reflect	and Proficiency		
on performance and	Improvement		
develop plans for	competency section)		
self-improvement,			
and (c) locate,			
appraise, and			
integrate evidence-			
based studies			
related to			
underserved			
medicine.		25 11 122 1 1	GDD //4
In an outpatient	Preceptor Evaluation	Medical Knowledge and	SBP #1
underserved setting,	(80% average score on	Patient Care	SBP #6
students will (a)	Systems-Based Practice		
promote a safe	competency section)		
environment, (b)			
demonstrate			
knowledge of			
quality			
improvement			
methodologies and			
metrics, (c)			
recognize the			
unique role of PAs			
and other health		Lifelong Learning	SBP #2
professions, (d)		= =	
work effectively		Collaborative Practice	SBP #3
with other health			SBP #4
professionals to			SBP #5
provide			SBP #7
collaborative,			
patient-centered			
care, (e) incorporate			
considerations of			
cost awareness and			
funding, and (g)			
describe basic			
health payment			

systems and practice models.		

# **Underserved Medicine Preceptor Evaluation of the Student**

What is your group and/or site name (i.e., Corewell Health Greenville Hospital Multispecialty Center - Oak St, Family Medicine)					
Medical Knowledge: This section evaluates the student's ability to demonstrate medical knowledge, clinical reasoning, and problem-solving ability of sufficient breadth and depth to practice medicine as an entry-level physician assistant					
	60% (Failing)	70% (D+/ C-)	80% (C+/ B)	90% (B+/ A-)	100% (A)
Student demonstrated medical knowledge in pathophysiology, etiology, and epidemiology for patients seeking outpatient medical care for common conditions encountered in underserved medicine for the following age populations (MK#2, 3):					
Infants					
Children					
Adolescents					
Adults					
Elderly					
Student demonstrated medical knowledge of patient presentations for common conditions encountered in underserved medicine for the following age populations (MK#2,3):					
Infants					
Children					
Adolescents					
Adults					
Elderly					
Student demonstrated medical knowledge of differential diagnosis for patients seeking medical care for common conditions encountered in underserved medicine for the following age populations (MK#2,3)					
Infants					
Children					
Adolescents					
Adults					
Elderly					

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Student demonstrated medical knowledge of the					
diagnostic work-up for patients seeking medical care for common conditions encountered in underserved					
medicine for the following age populations					
(MK#2,3)					
Infants					
Children					
Adolescents					
Adults					
Elderly					
Student demonstrated medical knowledge of patient					
management strategies for patients seeking medical					
care for common conditions encountered in					
underserved medicine for the following age					
populations (MK#2,3):					
Infants					
Children					
Adolescents					
Adults					
Elderly					
Student demonstrated medical knowledge of health					
promotion and disease prevention for patients					
seeking medical care for common conditions					
encountered in underserved medicine for the					
following age populations (MK#2, 3)					
Infants					
Children					
Adolescents					
Adults					
Elderly					
Additional Comments:					
Patient Care: This section evaluates the student's					
ability to provide person-centered care that includes					
patient- and setting-specific assessment, evaluation,					
management, and health promotion.					
	60%	70%	80%	90%	100%
	(Failing)	(D+/ C-)	(C+/ B)	(B+/ A-)	(A)
Student elicited a detailed and accurate history for		C- <i>y</i>	<i>D)</i>	A-)	
the following populations encountered in outpatient					
underserved medicine (PC#1):					
Infant					
	1	1	1	1	1

Children			
Adolescents			
Adult			
Elderly			
Student elicited a detailed and accurate history for patients seeking (PC#1):			
Acute care			
Chronic care			
Preventive care			
Student performed an appropriate physical examination for the following populations encountered in outpatient underserved medicine (PC#1):			
Infant			
Children			
Adolescents			
Adult			
Elderly			
Student performed an appropriate physical examination for patients seeking (PC#1):			
Acute care			
Chronic care			
Preventive care			
Student demonstrated knowledge of the appropriate use and interpretation of diagnostic testing for the following populations encountered in outpatient underserved medicine (PC#3):			
Infant			
Children			
Adolescents			
Adult			
Elderly			
Student demonstrated knowledge of the appropriate use and interpretation of diagnostic testing for patients seeking (PC#3):			
Acute care			
Chronic care			
Preventive care			

Student demonstrated knowledge of the appropriate use and interpretation of laboratory studies for the following populations encountered in outpatient underserved medicine (PC#3):		
Infant		
Children		
Adolescents		
Adult		
Elderly		
Student demonstrated knowledge of the appropriate use and interpretation laboratory studies for patients seeking (PC#3):		
Acute care		
Chronic care		
Preventive care		
Student organized information from the interview, diagnostic testing, and physical examination to formulate differential diagnoses for the following populations encountered in outpatient underserved medicine (PC#4):  Infant		
Children		
Adolescents		
Adult		
Elderly		
Student organized information from the interview, diagnostic testing, and physical examination to formulate differential diagnoses for patients seeking (PC#4):		
Acute care		
Chronic care		
Preventive care		
Student organized information from the interview, diagnostic testing, and physical examination to formulate assessments for symptoms/conditions commonly encountered for the following populations encountered in outpatient underserved medicine (PC#4):		
Infant		
Children		
Adolescents		

Adult					
Elderly					
Student organized information from the interview, diagnostic testing, and physical examination to formulate assessments for symptoms/conditions commonly encountered for patients seeking (PC#4):  Acute care					
Chronic care					
Preventive care					
Student organized information from the interview, diagnostic testing, and physical examination to formulate management plans for symptoms/conditions commonly encountered for the following populations encountered in outpatient underserved medicine (PC#4):  Infant					
Children					
Adolescents					
Adult					
Elderly					
Student organized information from the interview, diagnostic testing, and physical examination to formulate management plans for symptoms/conditions commonly encountered for patients seeking (PC#4):					
Acute care					
Chronic care					
Preventive care					
Student demonstrated basic clinical and technical skills common to underserved medicine including (PC#5):					
	60% (Failing)	70% (D+/ C-)	80% (C+/ B)	90% (B+/ A-)	100% (A)
Demonstrating a preprocedural checklist					
Performing a finger stick procedure					
Interpreting capillary blood glucose results					
Selecting appropriate medications					
Selecting appropriate medication dosages					
Prescribe medications for acute conditions					
Prescribe medications for chronic conditions					

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Demonstrating proper setup and technique for a fundoscopic examination					
Demonstrating proper setup and technique for a					
pediatric otoscopic examination					
Demonstrating proper setup and technique for					
collection of a pediatric throat swab sample					
Interpreting CBC results					
interpreting CDC results					
Interpreting CMP results					
Interpreting lipid panel results					
Interpreting urinalysis results					
Interpreting urine culture results					
Additional Comments:					
Interpersonal and Communication Skills: This					
section evaluates the student's ability to demonstrate					
verbal and non-verbal communication skills needed					
to have respectful, compassionate, and effective					
conversations with patients, patients' families, and					
health professionals to exchange information and					
make medical decisions.					
	(00/	700/	80%	$\Omega\Omega\Omega$	100%
	60%	70%	80%	90%	10070
	(Failing)	(D+/	(C+/	90% (B+/	(A)
Student documented information clearly and		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
Student documented information clearly and appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters  Chronic disease follow-up encounters		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters  Chronic disease follow-up encounters		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters  Chronic disease follow-up encounters  Student listened empathetically and effectively to		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters  Chronic disease follow-up encounters  Student listened empathetically and effectively to patients seeking care in underserved medicine		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters  Chronic disease follow-up encounters  Student listened empathetically and effectively to patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#1)		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters  Chronic disease follow-up encounters  Student listened empathetically and effectively to patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#1)  Student communicated information clearly in underserved medicine (ICS#3)  Student utilized shared decision making for patients		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters  Chronic disease follow-up encounters  Student listened empathetically and effectively to patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#1)  Student communicated information clearly in underserved medicine (ICS#3)  Student utilized shared decision making for patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#5)		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters  Chronic disease follow-up encounters  Student listened empathetically and effectively to patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#1)  Student communicated information clearly in underserved medicine (ICS#3)  Student utilized shared decision making for patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#5)  Student provided patient education and counseling		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters  Chronic disease follow-up encounters  Student listened empathetically and effectively to patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#1)  Student communicated information clearly in underserved medicine (ICS#3)  Student utilized shared decision making for patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#5)  Student provided patient education and counseling for patients seeking care in underserved medicine		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters  Chronic disease follow-up encounters  Student listened empathetically and effectively to patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#1)  Student communicated information clearly in underserved medicine (ICS#3)  Student utilized shared decision making for patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#5)  Student provided patient education and counseling for patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#5)		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters  Chronic disease follow-up encounters  Student listened empathetically and effectively to patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#1)  Student communicated information clearly in underserved medicine (ICS#3)  Student utilized shared decision making for patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#5)  Student provided patient education and counseling for patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#5)  Student facilitated difficult health care conversations		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters  Chronic disease follow-up encounters  Student listened empathetically and effectively to patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#1)  Student communicated information clearly in underserved medicine (ICS#3)  Student utilized shared decision making for patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#5)  Student provided patient education and counseling for patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#5)  Student facilitated difficult health care conversations in underserved medicine (ICS#4):		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	
appropriately for the following encounters (ICS#2):  Wellness preventive encounters  Acute problem-focused encounters  Chronic disease follow-up encounters  Student listened empathetically and effectively to patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#1)  Student communicated information clearly in underserved medicine (ICS#3)  Student utilized shared decision making for patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#5)  Student provided patient education and counseling for patients seeking care in underserved medicine (ICS#5)  Student facilitated difficult health care conversations		(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	

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Professionalism: This section evaluates the student's					
ability to demonstrate commitment to carrying out					
professional responsibilities and adhering to ethical					
principles and practices in underserved medicine.					
Student demonstrated compassion, integrity, and					
respect to patients seeking care in underserved					
medicine (P#1)					
Student demonstrated patient responsiveness while					
providing care to patients in underserved medicine					
(P#2)					
Student showed accountability while providing care					
to patients in underserved medicine (P#3)					
to patients in underserved medicine (1#3)					
Additional Comments:					
Practice-Based Learning and Proficiency					
Improvement: This section evaluates the student's					
ability to acquire, appraise, and apply evidence-based					
medicine to patient care and accurately assess and					
improve clinical performance based on constant self-					
evaluation and lifelong learning.					
	60%	70%	80%	90%	100%
	(Failing)	(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	(A)
	(=8)	C-)	B)	A-)	()
Student sought, implemented, and accepted feedback					
related to undeserved medicine (PBLPI#1)					
Student reflected on their performance to identify					
strengths and deficiencies in their knowledge and					
expertise and develop a plan for self-improvement					
related to underserved medicine (PBLPI#2)					
Student located, appraised, and integrated evidence-					
based studies related to underserved medicine					
(PBLPI#3)					
Additional Comments:					
Systems-Based Practice: This section evaluates the					
student's ability to engage with other healthcare					
professionals in a manner that optimizes care within					
the context of the larger healthcare system.					
	60%	70%	80%	90%	100%
	(Failing)	(D+/	(C+/	(B+/	(A)
		Č-)	B)	A-)	
Student promoted a safe environment for patients					
seeking care in an outpatient underserved medicine					
setting (SBP#1)					
Student demonstrated knowledge of quality					
improvement methodologies and metrics in an					
outpatient underserved medicine setting (SBP#2)					
1 - mg mount understand seeming (SDI 1/2)	1	Ì	1	1	l

Student recognized the unique roles of PAs and those			
of other healthcare professions in an outpatient			
underserved medicine setting (SBP#3)			
Student worked effectively with other health			
professionals to provide collaborative, patient-			
centered care in an outpatient underserved medicine			
setting (SBP#4)			
Student worked effectively in an outpatient			
underserved medicine setting (SBP#5)			
Student incorporated considerations of cost			
awareness and funding sources into patients seeking			
care in an outpatient underserved medicine setting			
(SBP#6)			
Student described basic health payment systems and			
practice models for an outpatient underserved			
medicine setting (SBP#7)			
Additional Comments:			

Did the student have any absences during the rotation?

Yes

No

If yes, please indicate dates and reason for absence:

Please write a short note commenting on this student's particular strengths.

Please write a short note commenting on this student's particular areas for improvement.

Was this evaluation discussed with the student?

Yes

No

Additional comments

Preceptor Signature: