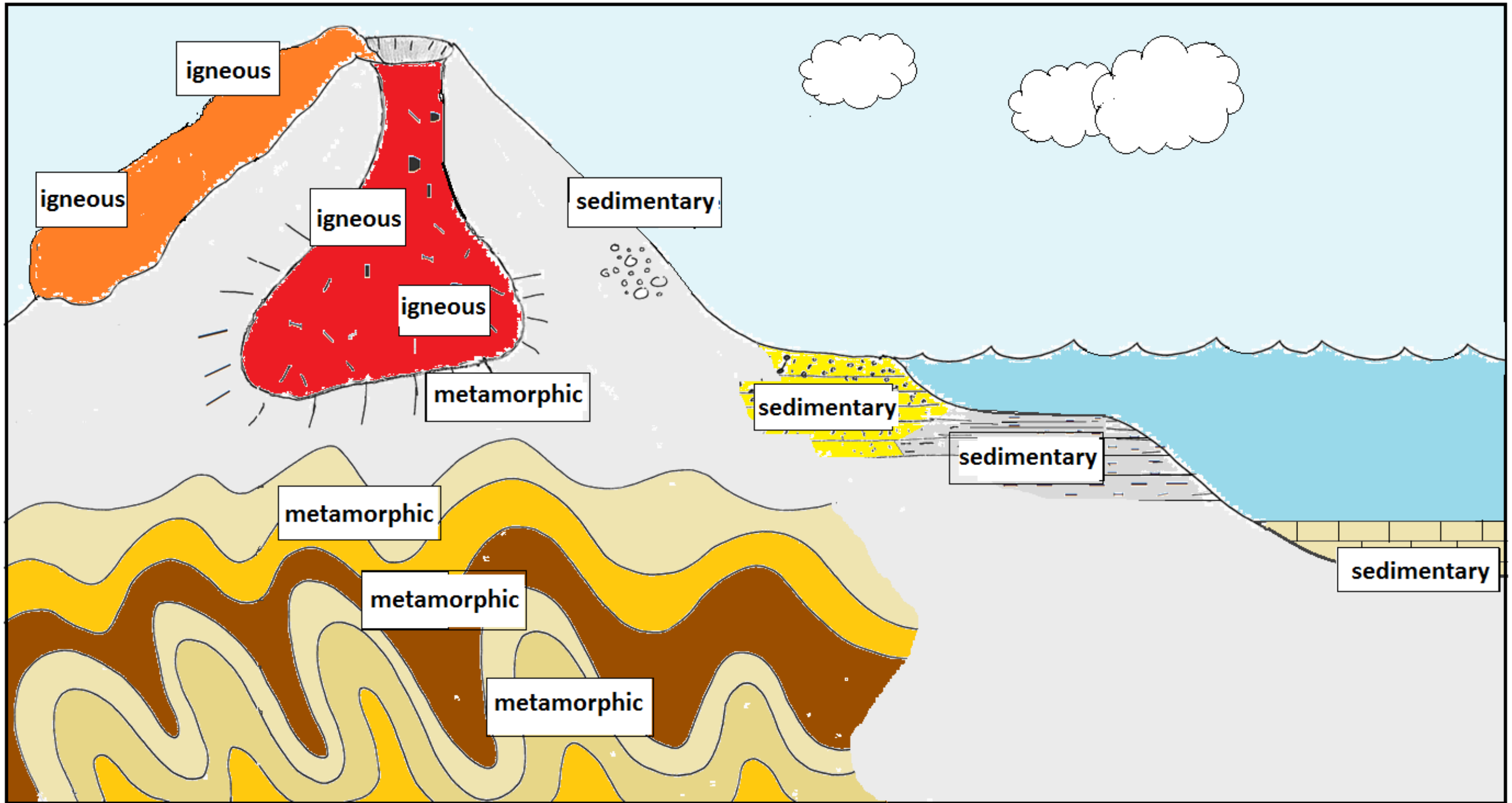
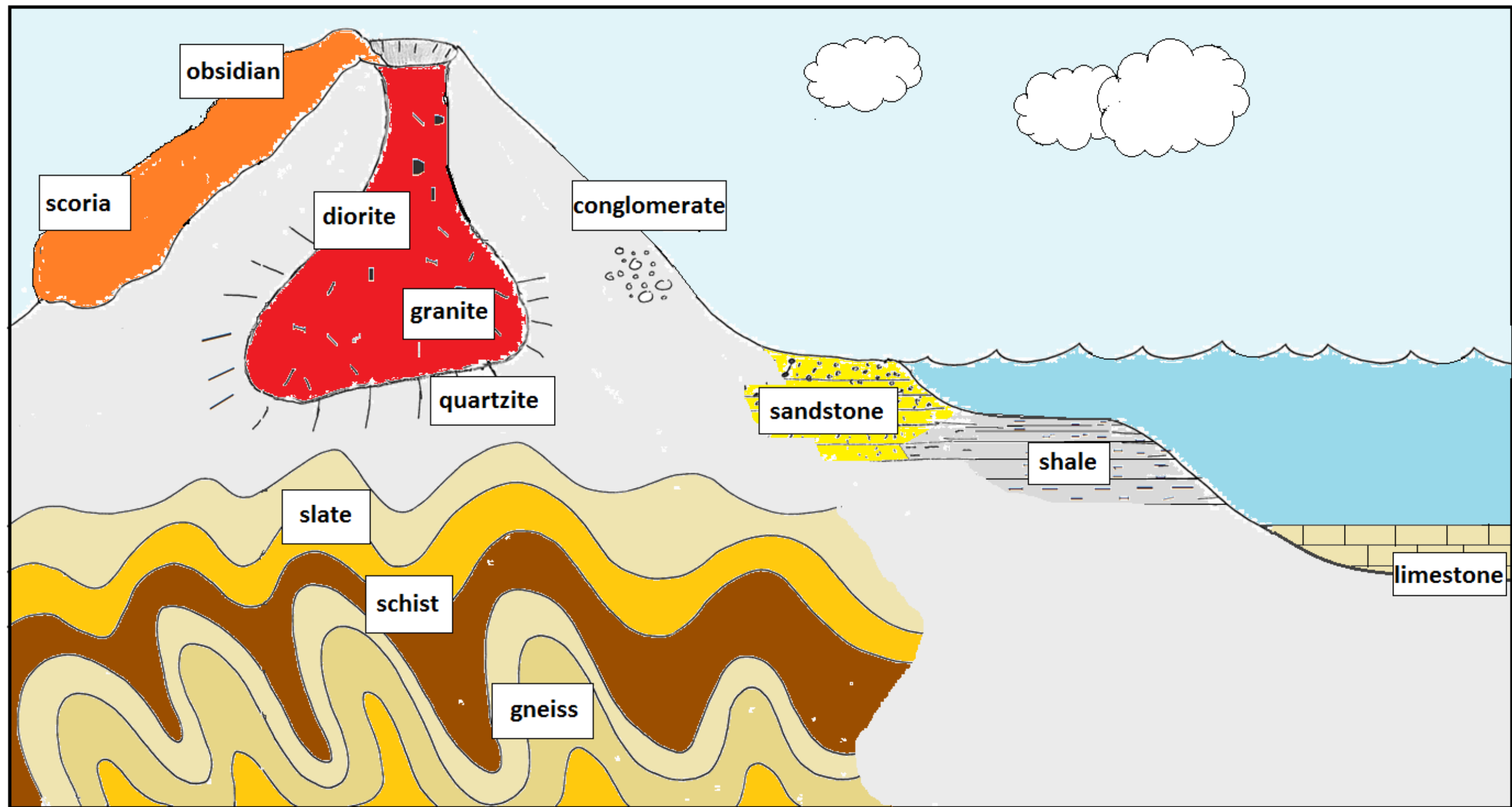


# Rock Formation Card





### Identifying Rock Types Activity (upper elementary)

| Rock Types                                     |               |               | Rock Sample Numbers |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| I=igneous                                      | S=sedimentary | M=metamorphic | 1                   | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Using above properties determine the Rock Type |               |               | I                   | M | S | S | S | S | I | M | I | M  | I  | M  |

#### Rock Identification in baggies as follows:

- |                 |              |            |
|-----------------|--------------|------------|
| 1. granite      | 5. shale     | 9. diorite |
| 2. gneiss       | 6. sandstone | 10. slate  |
| 3. conglomerate | 7. obsidian  | 11. scoria |
| 4. limestone    | 8. quartzite | 12. schist |

| Rock type   | Classification<br>(how formed)  | Identifying features  |  | Rock Name     |
|-------------|---|---|--|---------------|
|             |   | grain size  | colors   |               |
| Igneous     | <b>Intrusive:</b><br>cools slower underground, crystals big enough to see           | crystals bigger than small sand grains                              | black/white or pink/black/white                | granite       |
|             |   |   | black/white                                    | diorite       |
|             | <b>Extrusive:</b><br>cools quickly above ground, crystals too small to see          | crystals too small to see & gas bubble holes                        | usually black but can be reddish if oxides     | scoria        |
|             |   | no crystals   | usually black                                  | obsidian      |
| Sedimentary | <b>Clastic:</b><br>sediment grains pressed or rock fragments cemented back together | small individual grains   | white, tan or reddish                          | sandstone     |
|             |   | very small grains, can't see them                                   | dark gray to black                             | shale         |
|             |   | large and small rounded grains                                      | various individual grain colors                | conglomerate  |
|             | <b>Chemical:</b><br>dissolved minerals precipitate out of water                     | very small, usually can't see grains                                | usually white or tan                           | limestone     |
| Metamorphic | <b>Foliated:</b><br>rocks become layered due to high heat and pressure              | very small, thin layers   | light gray or black                            | slate         |
|             |   | very small with thicker layers                                      | alternating layers with different colors       | gneiss (nice) |
|             |   | flattened layers that sparkle                                       | usually light white/silver or dark black/green | schist        |
|             | <b>Nonfoliated:</b><br>rocks are heat altered, or chem. reaction                    | crystal edges blend together, usually don't see individual crystals | white color or pink/purple                     | quartzite     |

### Identifying Rock Types Activity (upper elementary)

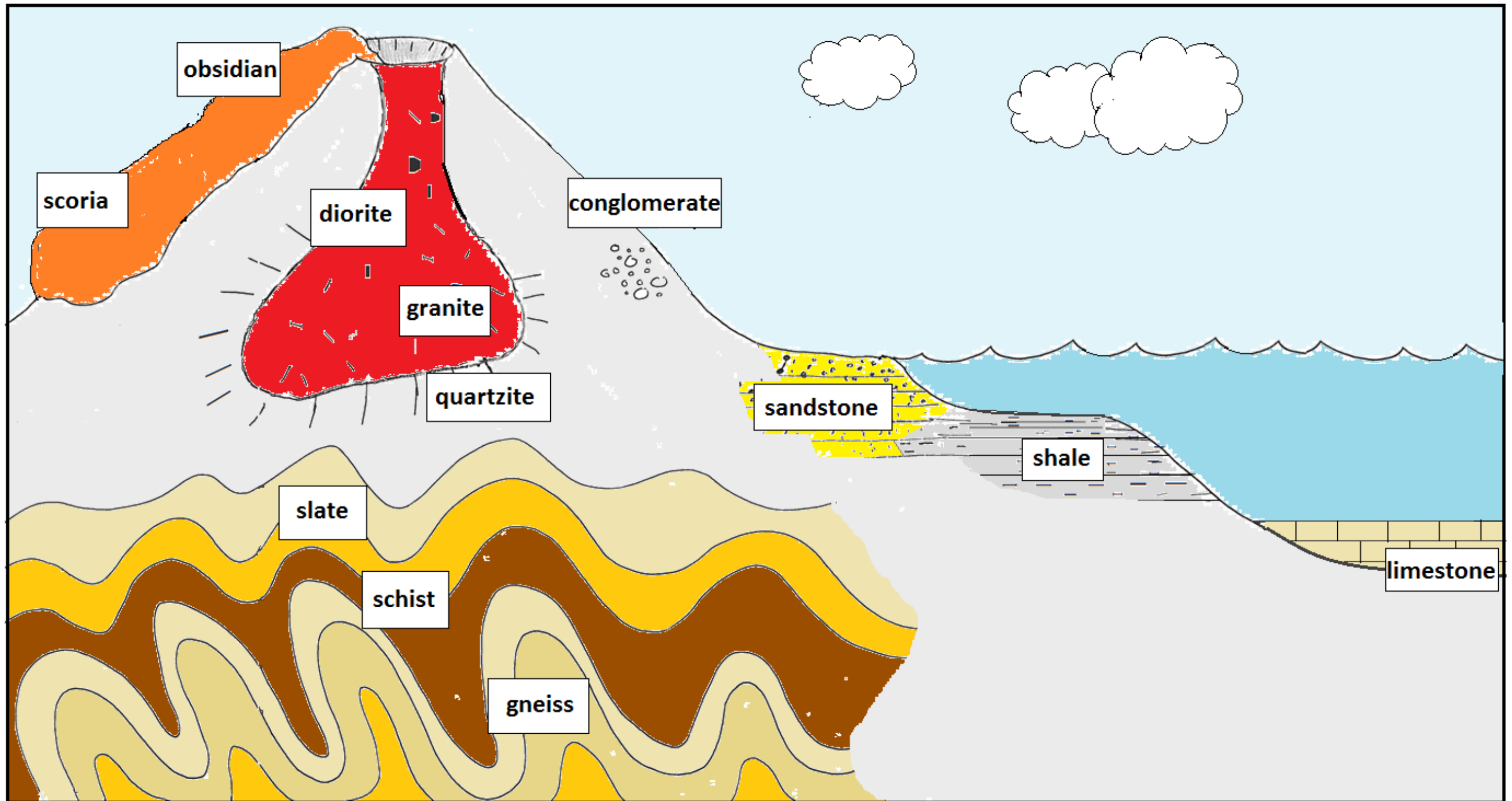
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|--|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| I=igneous    S=sedimentary    M=metamorphic    | 1                   | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Using above properties determine the Rock Type | I                   | M | S | S | S | S | I | M | I | M  | I  | M  |

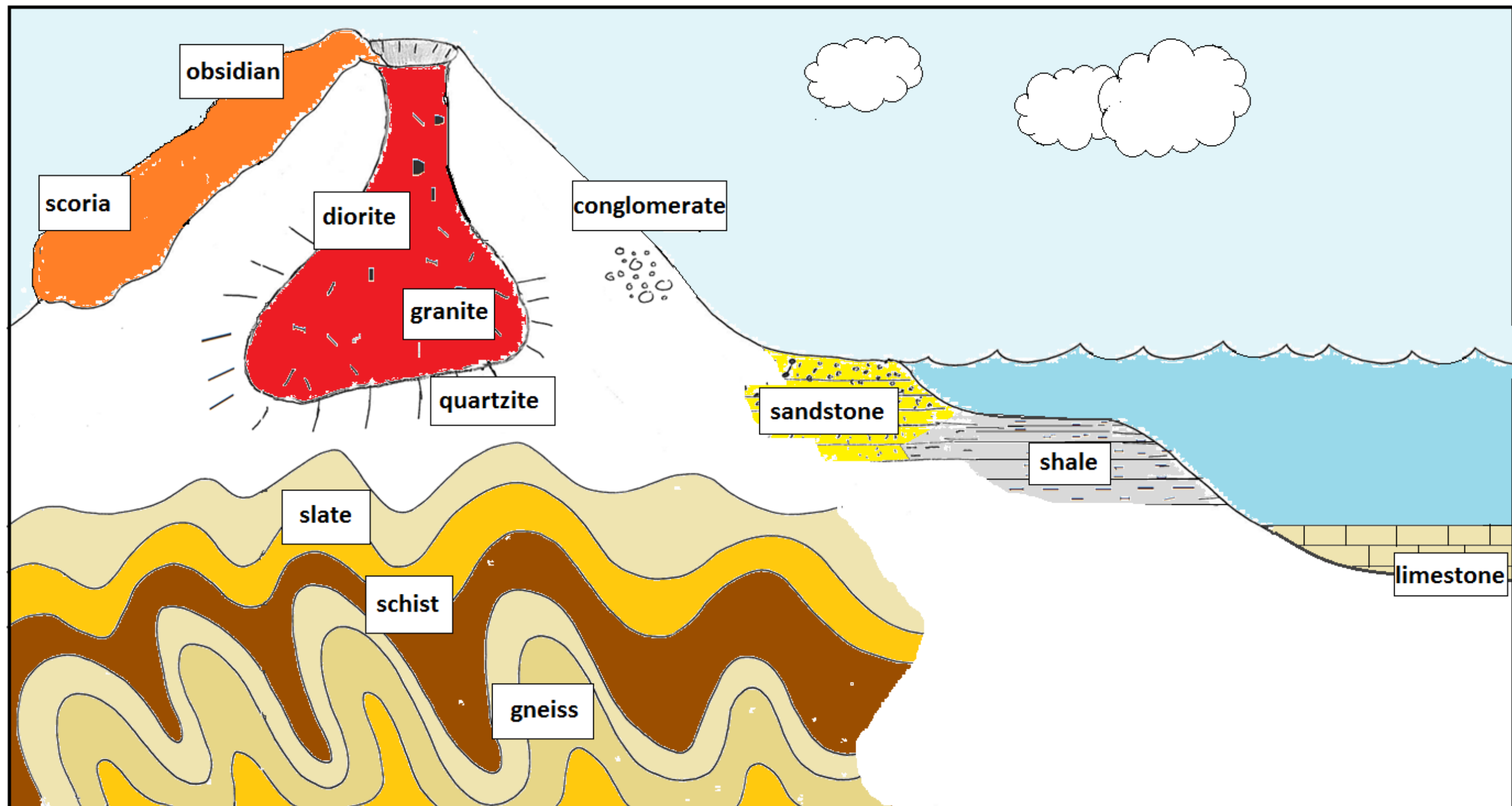
#### Rock Identification in baggies as follows:

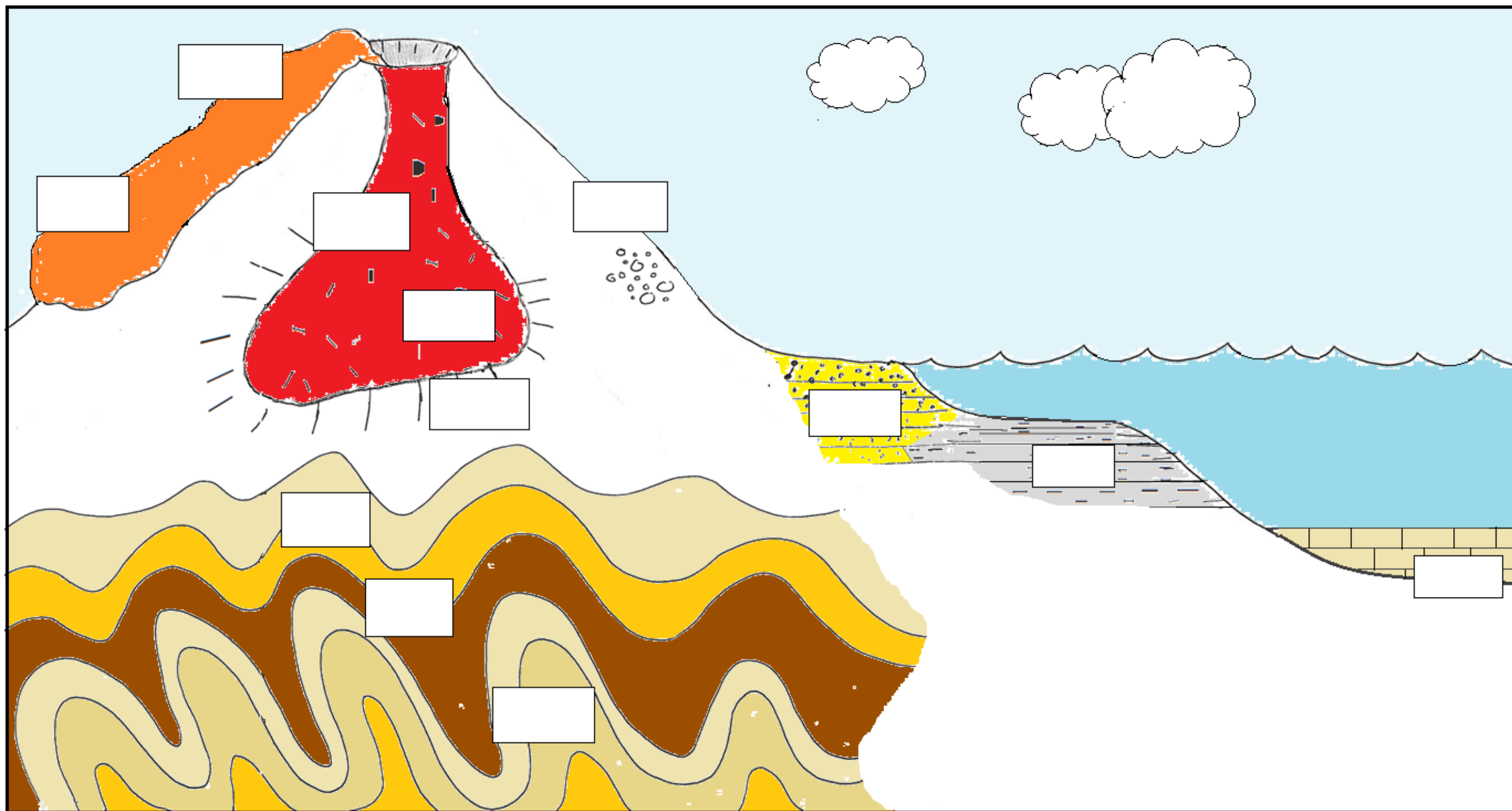
- |                 |              |            |
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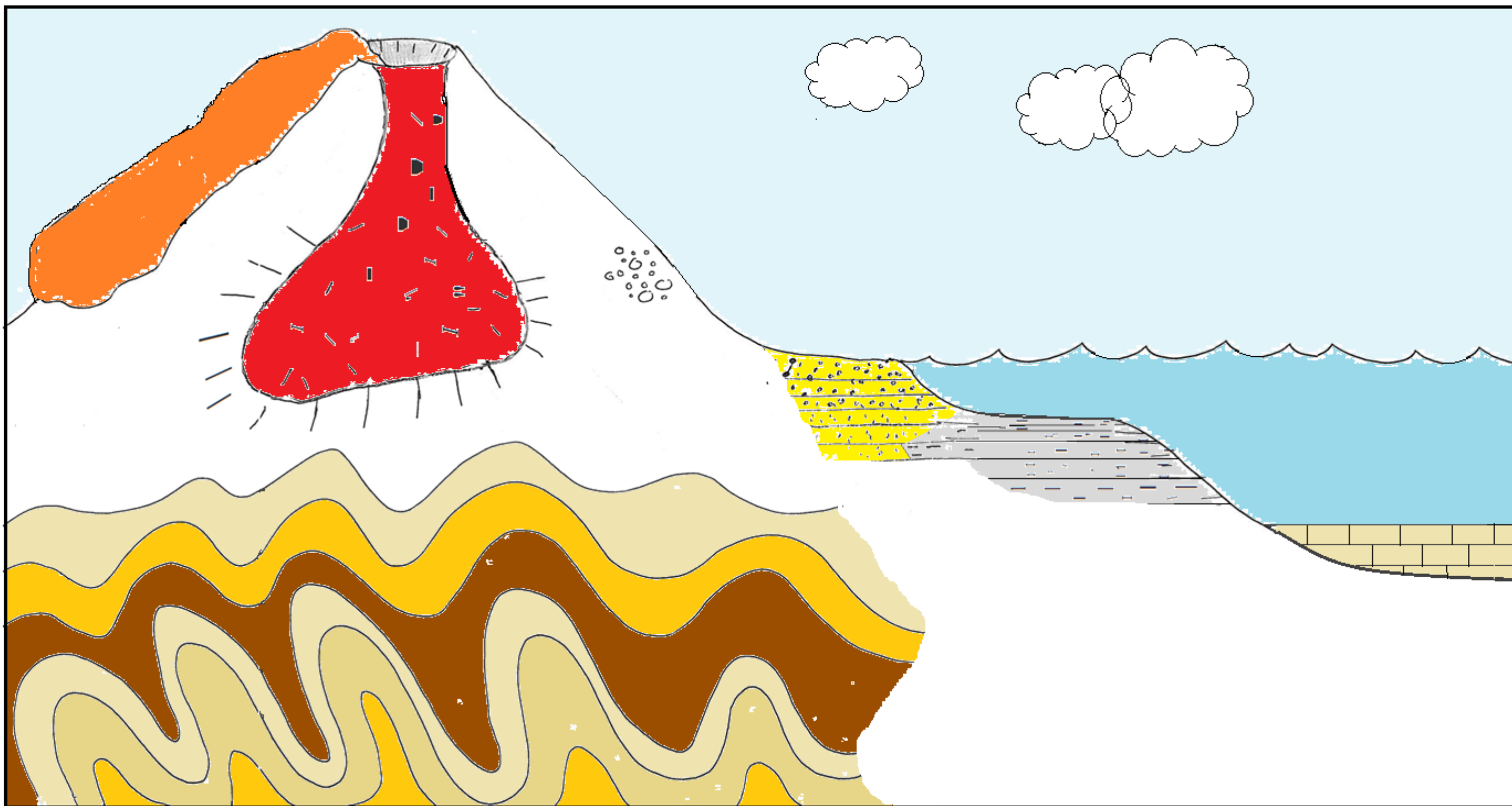
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