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#### OVERVIEW

#### Introduction

Broadly defined, risk assessment and classification in juvenile justice refers to the process of estimating an individual's likelihood of continued involvement in delinquent behavior and then making decisions about the most appropriate type of intervention, given the identified level of risk. Classification instruments provide juvenile justice personnel with objective, simple, and reliable tools to aid them in making these decisions at all levels of system processing: reporting, arrest, intake, detention, prosecution, disposition, and placement. For example, Cook County Probation Department staff currently use a risk assessment instrument to aid in assessing the need to detain youth until disposition. Other juvenile corrections agencies utilize risk assessment to assist with determining the need for secure care and to establish levels of probation and parole supervision.

The goal of this study is to produce an objective risk assessment instrument for Cook County's adjudicated female juvenile offender population. This report first presents the principles of risk assessment instruments, details the development method employed by NCCD to construct a risk assessment instrument, and includes a recommended instrument tailored to Cook County's female adjudicated offenders.

### Risk Assessment

Risk assessment instruments are tools that are: 1) designed to estimate the likelihood that the juvenile offender will subsequently commit another offense within a specified follow-up period, e.g., 18 months, and 2) based on the statistical relationship between youth characteristics and recidivism rates.

NCCD utilizes an actuarial approach to risk assessment, similar to that used to determine automobile insurance rates. Historical data on offender (driver) characteristics and outcomes (new offenses or accidents) are analyzed to determine the set of characteristics most closely correlated

with negative outcomes. After those factors are identified, all newly referred offenders (drivers) are assessed to determine the extent to which their characteristics are similar to those who have had low, medium, or high failure rates in the past. In other words, the individual's future behavior is estimated based on the known outcomes of a group of individuals with similar characteristics.

Because risk instruments are developed from group data, their utility is based on knowledge of aggregate outcomes rather than on the accuracy of prediction for a single individual; therefore, the corrections field has placed the emphasis in risk assessment not on "prediction" but on "classification." Well-designed instruments are typically able to identify a group of high risk offenders who are three or four times more likely to commit a new offense than the identified low risk offenders. This ability to discriminate risk potential for different subgroups of offenders provides the basis for targeting interventions and resources on those at the highest level of risk.

The factors found in this type of risk instrument differ from other risk assessment instruments because the goals of this process are different. For example, in making placement decisions, judges and corrections officials must assess the juvenile's likelihood of re-offending, but they also need to consider "just desserts" and public sensitivity issues. As a result, risk instruments are often combined with measures of current and prior offense severity to recommend a placement.

### DEVELOPMENT

### Study Sample

Construction of the risk assessment instrument for classifying Cook County's adjudicated female youth began in early October 1996 with an extensive manual data collection effort. Under the leadership of the Cook County Project Coordinator and Probation Department Staff, NCCD subcontractors were provided with an NCCD developed survey to guide systematic data recording, and to ensure all relevant information would be available for the risk assessment construction process. See the Appendix for a copy of this survey form.

Data collection agents were instructed to collect survey data for approximately 150 female youth adjudicated in 1993. By the end of October, 155 surveys were completed and forwarded to NCCD for data entry. Table 1 provides characteristics of the 155 female youth included in the study sample.

Та	ible 1				
Characteristics of Cook County Female Youth Adjudicated During 1993					
Youth	1993 Pop	oulation			
Characteristics	Cases	% of Cases			
Race					
African American	91	59%			
Hispanic	25	16%			
White	31	20%			
Other	8	5%			
Age at Adjudication					
13 or younger	20	13%			
14 to 15	71	46%			
16 or oider	54	. 41%			
Most Serious Adjudication Offense *					
Violent Felony	61	39%			
Person	33	21%			
Property	41	27%			
Drug	15	10%			
Other Misdemeanor	5	3%			
Adjudication Offense Class					
Felony	99	64%			
Misdemeanor	56	36%			

No female youth were automatic transfer cases.

### Case Outcomes

Outcomes for all cases were observed for an 18 month period from the date of the 1993 adjudication, including adult and juvenile recidivism information. These two outcome measures were constructed from this data:

- arrest(s)
- adjudication(s)/conviction(s)

These outcome measures are further detailed in Table 2. Of the 155 females adjudicated in 1993, 53 girls (34%) were rearrested within 18 months. In terms of the dispositions of those arrests, 20 in 53 youth (38%) were adjudicated for a juvenile offense or convicted of an adult offense.

	Table 2						
Case	e Outcomes for 1993 Adjudicat 18-Month Follow-Up	ions:					
Outcome Measure: Cases % of Cases							
Juvenile/Adult Arrest							
No	102	66%					
Yes	53	34%					
Juvenile/Adult Adjudication	or Conviction						
No	135	87%					
Yes	20	13%					

# Risk Assessment Study

The methodology employed to select items for the risk instrument follows procedures described in detail in the National Institute of Correction's (NIC) "Validating Risk Assessment Instruments Used in Community Corrections" (Baird, January 1991). The first step in the study

included a bivariate analyses of potential classification items with the two measures of outcomes described above. These individual variables, oftentimes called "predictors," were candidates for inclusion on the final risk assessment instrument. As noted in the Overview, the items that constitute a risk assessment instrument do not serve to predict an individual's behavior, rather, the best combination of predictors will serve to codify offenders in categories based on risk (recidivism) potential. Initial analyses identified those predictors which provided the greatest degree of discrimination when tabulated with the outcome measures of rearrests and subsequent adjudication(s)/conviction(s). This exercise also identified those elements that have a significant bivariate relationship with recidivism measures. These variables were retained, recoded, and subjected to additional bivariate analysis. If there was too much missing data for a particular item, it was eliminated from further analysis. Only those variables that survived this test phase were included in subsequent steps of the study.

In order to guide the selection of the best combination of predictors, multiple linear regression analysis was completed. This analysis provided insight as to which predictor items should receive primary consideration for inclusion on the final risk assessment scale recommendation. Redundant items were eliminated and, based on the remaining items' predictive power, relative weights were reassigned. In the final selection phase, variables which proved to be most useful in the prediction of rearrests were included and appropriately weighted.

Typically, the next step in this process is to establish cut off scores that segregate groups of offenders into risk classifications while providing the greatest degree of rearrest rate differentiation. The following illustrates the results of this exercise.

Score	Classification
-2 through 0	Low
1 through 3	Moderate
4 or more	High

### RESULTS

The following eight-item Preliminary Cook County Female Juvenile Risk Assessment instrument contains those factors that, based on the analyses above, will best classify Cook County's adjudicated female youth. Table 3 depicts individual factor scores under the preliminary risk assessment for the girls in the study cohort, and the results displayed in Figures 1 and 2 describe the classification results for the 155 youth in the study sample.

# COOK COUNTY ADJUDICATED FEMALE OFFENDER PRELIMINARY RISK ASSESSMENT

R1.	Number of Arrests Prior to Current (do not include current)	SCORE
	None         -1           One or two         0           Three or more         1	
R2.	Number or Prior Arrests for Drug Offense (include current)  None	
R3.	Number of Prior Adjudications (include current) One	-
R4.	Age at First Juvenile Arrest  13 or younger	
R5.	Prior Out-of-Home Placements, e.g., Foster Care, Group Home,	
	Residential Treatment Facility, State Secure Facility  None	-
R6.	Peer Relationships Good support and influence or not peer oriented	•
R7.	Number of Schools Enrolled in During Past Two Years	
	One	
R8.	Alcohol Abuse  None	
	TOTAL RISK SCORE	
R	isk Classification	
Score 2 to 0 1 to 3	Moderate	
4 +	High	c 1/97

### Table 3

# Cook County Adjudicated Female Offender Preliminary Risk Assessment

	Cases	% Sample
Number of <u>Prior</u> Arrests		•
None	48	31%
One or two	56	36%
Three or more	51	33%
Number or Prior Arrests for Drug Offense (include current)	_	
None	133	86%
One or more	22	14%
Number or Prior Adjudications (include current)		
One	148	95%
Two or more	7	5%
Age at First Juvenile Arrest		
13 or younger	49	32%
14 or older	106	68%
Prior Out-of-Home Placements, e.g., Foster Care, Group Home, Residentia Secure Facility	al Treatment Faci	lity, State
None	110	71%
One or more	45	29%
Peer Relationships		
Good support and influence or not peer oriented	50	32%
Negative influence or strongly delinquent peer group	67	43%
Gang affiliation	38	25%
Number of Schools Enrolled in During Past Two Years		
One	73	47%
Two or more, or not enrolled in past two years	82	53%
Alcohol Problems		
None	120	77%
Experimental use, disruption of functioning, or serious alcohol abuse	35	23%

### Preliminary Classification

Table 4 contains the distribution of study cases under the three classifications created by the risk assessment construction process. Cases are relatively eventy dispersed between the Low, Moderate, and High risk groups. These three classifications identify a Low risk group with an arrest rate of 16%, a Moderate risk group with a 31% rearrest rate, and a high risk group with a rearrest rate of 79% (see Figure 1).

	Tab					
	Cook County Juvenile For Classification by S					
Risk Risk Cases Arrest Score Classification Sample (%) Rate						
-2 to 0	Low	56 (36%)	16%			
1 to 3	Moderate	71 (46%)	31%			
4 or More	High	28 (18%)	79%			
TOTAL		155 (100%)	34%			

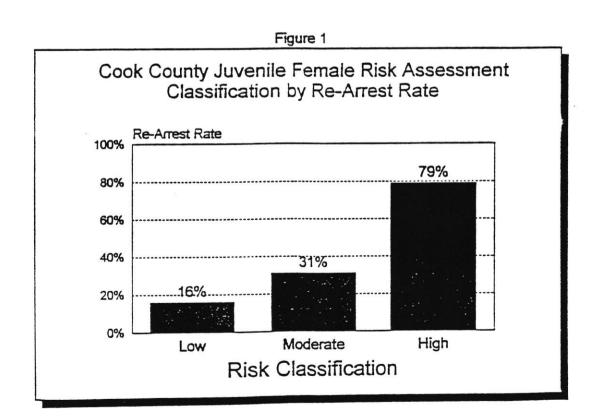
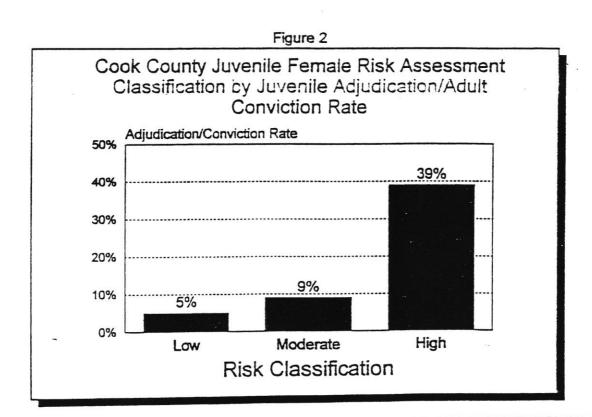


Figure 2 shows similar findings for adjudications or convictions. Approximately 13% of the 1993 sample population was adjudicated or convicted during the 18 month follow-up period. Juveniles in the Low risk classification had a 5% adjudication/conviction rate, the Moderate risk females 9%, and the High risk youths a 39% adjudication/conviction rate.

Table 5  Cook County Juvenile Female Risk Assessment Classification by Subsequent Adjudications or Convictions						
Risk Cases Sample Juvenile Adjudication/ Risk Score Classification (%) Adult Conviction Rate*						
-2 to 0	Low	56 (36%)	5%			
1 to 3	Moderate	71 (46%)	9%			
4 or More	High	28 (18%)	39%			
TOTAL		155 (100%)	13%			

<sup>\*</sup>Any juvenile adjudication or adult conviction



### RECOMMENDATION

The classifications presented above result in an acceptable degree of discrimination between risk levels. Because it achieves the goal of separating offenders based on likelihood of recidivism, this classification scheme represents the most appropriate classification scheme for Cook County's adjudicated delinquent female population.

# **APPENDIX**

Cook County Juvenile Female Offenders Risk Assessment
Data Collection Survey

# COOK COUNTY 1996 JUVENILE FEMALE OFFENDERS RISK ASSESSMENT DATA COLLECTION FORM

Complete Nar	me:	Last		First	MI
Date of Birth:		/ / / M D Y		Sex: (circle one) 1. Male	2. Female
Race: (circle o	ne)	<ol> <li>Caucasian/White</li> <li>African American/Black</li> <li>Hispanic</li> </ol>	5.	American Indian Asian/Oriental Other	
Case Type: (c (1993 Dispositi		one) 1. Probation 2. Secure Placement (IDOC) 3. 5-19 Supervision/Probation 4. DCFS (under 13) 5. Other, note:			
Child's Reside	ence	Zip Code:		_ Suburb:	
C1.		est serious 1993 adjudication* offense  Adjudication/admission date:/	/		
	2.	Most serious 1993 adjudication/admission		e:	
	3.	Offense code:(3 di	git)		
	4.	Most serious 1993 offense aggravating fac	ctors (c	theck if applicable)	
		<ul> <li>a. Use of dangerous weapon (fiream</li> <li>b. Serious bodily harm to victim</li> <li>c. Sexual offense</li> <li>d. None</li> </ul>	n, knife	e, or explosive)	• .
C2.	Мо	st serious <u>prior</u> adjudicated offense: (lea	ave bla	nk if none)	
	1.	Adjudication/admission date:/		-	
	2.	Most serious prior adjudication/admission	offense	e:	
	3.	Offense code: (3 dig	git)		
	4.	Most serious <u>prior</u> offense aggravating fac	tor. (ch	eck if applicable)	
		<ul> <li>a. Use of dangerous weapon (firear</li> <li>b. Serious bodily harm to victim</li> <li>c. Sexual offense</li> <li>d. None</li> </ul>	n, knife	e, or explosive)	

<sup>\*</sup>Adjudication means finding of delinquency

JUVENILE OFFENSE HISTORY PRE-1993 ADJUDICATION (Record all known arrest,\* petition, and adjudication history prior to 1993 adjudication/admission; include the 1993 1. adjudicated/admitted offense)

Arrest Date	Arrest Offense Code (3 digit)	Referral to PO Screening Y/N	Petition Date	Petition Offense Code (3 digit)	Petition Disposition Code	Court Adjudication Date	Adjudication Offense Code (3 digit)	Court Disposition Code	Institutional Release Date	
1 1			1 1 "			1 1		1	1	1
1 1	1		1 1			1 1			1	1
1 1			1 1			1 1			1	1
1 1			1 1			1 1			1	1
1 1			1 1			1 1			1	1
1 1			1 1			1 1			1	1
1 1			1 1			1 1			1	1
						1 1				1

<sup>\*</sup> Arrest includes a police contact resulting in a station adjustment.

**Arrest Offense Codes** Offense Codes listed on page 3 **Petition Disposition Codes:** 

- Dismissed 1.
- 2. Adjudication
- 3. Adjusted
- Transferred to Adult Court 4.
- 5. Other
- Unknown

**Court Disposition Codes:** 

- Probation 1.
- 2.
- 5-19 Supervision
  Residential Group Placement
  Secure Placement (IDOC) 3.
- 4.
- 5. Community Service/Restitution
- 6. IDCFS (under 13)
- 7. Warrant
- Other

# CIRCUIT COURT OF COOK COUNTY ARREST OFFENSE CODES

888 Unknown
999 No New Charge List of Charges

999	No New Charge		List of Charges			
240 241	- 15 POINTS Imatic Transfer - 15+ Years Old) Dei Cont Sub - School Grounds Dei Cont Sub - Public Housing UUW - School Grounds PCS w Int to Divr on School or CHA Gmds Aggravated Criminal Sexual Assault Murder Robbery - Armed with Firearm A/T Aggrav. Venicular Hijacking with F/A	JA02 330 334 340 341 342 343 408 444 442 520 534 539		585	540 541 552 570 572 573 Resid 589 556 543 777	Involuntary Mansiaughter Mansiaughter - Voluntary Reckless Homicide Arson - Aggravated Home Invasion Robbery - Armed Firearm stential Burgiary Armed Violence Armed Robbery Murder Interstate Warrant
235 238 245 411 422 423 427 507	- 10 POINTS  Venicular Hijacking Venicular Endangerment Attempt Armed Robbery Attempt Residential Burglary Attempt Aggravated Arson Attempt Aggravated Arson Attempt Aggravated Kidnapping Agg Criminal Sexual Abuse Robbery Heinous Battery	JA04 351 325 333 346 347 403 563 527 533 535 5445 567 574 580	- 10 POINTS  Unlawful Delivery Cannabis - Class 1 & 2 Fel Amt Ethnic Intimidation Poss Cntt Sub w/Int to Deliver Stalking Hate Crime Attempt Criminal Sexual Assault Unlawful Use of Weapon Arson Firearm - Unlawful Sale of Criminal Sexual Abuse Intimidation Weapons - Unlawful Sale of Controlled Substance - Sale of Controlled Substance - Delivery of Gang Organization Recruitment		319 324 326 337 511	- 6 POINTS  Unlawful Delvry Cannabis  Misdemeanor Amount Burglary to Auto Combet - Conf by Threat Agg Possession Stolen Vehicle Burglary
352 322 323 329 400 406 407 409 410 412 414 424	- 5 POINTS Possession of Cannabis - Fel Amt Bring Contraband into Institution Child Pornography, Sexual Juvenile Pimping Attempt Burglary Attempt Kidnapping Attempt Mob Action Attempt Criminal Sexual Abuse Attempt Robbery Attempt Theft of Auto Attempt Theft over \$300 Attempt Arson Attempt Aggravated Criminal Sex Assit	433 434 435 524 554 554 558 560 566 577	Attempt Aggravated Sexual Abuse Attempt Aggravated Sex with Family Attempt Forgery Forgery Controlled Subst Possession-Felony Amt Restrant - Unlawful Theft of Auto Theft over \$300 Sexual Relationship with Family Possession of Stolen Auto		JA07 312 313 328 348 349 504 524	- 3 POINTS  Unauthorized Storage of Weapon Possession of Cannabis - Misdemeanor Amount Possess Conc Dang Weapon Misdemeanor Sale of Cannabis Controlled Substance Possession - Misdemeanor Assault - Aggravated Explosives Possession
30235589011445678011671901160115031331331333144053315679011445031	Ticket Scalping Endangering Life/Health Child Contributing to Neglect of Child Possess/Theft Detection Device Vancalism Aiding a Fugitive Obstructing Service of a Process Alteration Identification of Vehicle Obt Service Defraud Elec Device Unlawful Sale of Fireworks Leaving Motor Vehicle Accident Peddling Merchandise without License Hitchhiking Unlawful Use of a Computer Looting Attempt Crim Damage to Property Attempt Eavesdropping Attempt Retail Theft Attempt Theft Uncer \$300 Attempt Theft Uncer \$300 Attempt Theft From Person Attempt Theft Lost/Mis Property Attempt Sex within Family Attempt Escape Attempt Crim Trespass to Land Attempt Theft from Auto Attempt Theft from Coin Op Machine Attempt Theft of City Property Attempt Theft of City Property Attempt Poss of Burglary Tools	438 499 500 501 502 508 509 511 511 511 511 512 512 513 514 515 515 515 516 517 517 517 517 517 517 517 517 517 517	Attempted Battery Miscellaneous Attempt Abortion Air Rifle Carry/Discharge Air Rifle - Unlawful Sale Battery Bribe - Accepting Bribe - Offenng Bribery Burglary Tool - Possession of Civil Rights - Violated Conspiracy Criminal Damage to Property Criminal Damage to Property Criminal Trespass to Vehicle Deception Practice Disorderly Conduct Distribute Abortifacient Eavesdropping False Fire Alarm Defacing Identifying Mark Gambling Gambling - Keeping Place of Gambling - Syndicated Glue Sniffing Intoxicating Compound - Sale of Intoxicating Compound - Use of Mob Action Obscenity Prostitution - Soliciting		547 5549 5553 5553 5559 5562 5568 5568 5568 5578 5584 5584 5595 5595 5595 5595 5595 559	Prostitution Public Indecency Reckless Conduct Resisting or Obstructing Police Solicitation Theft Under \$300 Theft - Deception or Threat Theft - From Person Theft - Lost/Mislaid Property Assault Unregistered Gun Unregistered Gun Carrier Crim Damage to Stat Supp Prop Possession of Stolen Property Unlawful Use of Credit Card Unlawful Possess of Amm Firearm Escape Theft Criminal Trespass to Land Possess Drug Paraphernalia Retail Theft Tampering with Vehicle Phone Call Harassment Residential Theft Theft of Service Harass Witness by Cmmnctn Damage to Coin Op Machine Theft Crimts of Coin Op Machine Crim Trespass to Residence

11.	YOUTH CHARACTERISTICS AT 1993 ADJUDICATION/ADMISSION (based on assessment data in the file)
N1.	Suicide tendencies (circle one)
	<ol> <li>No indication of previous suicide attempts undocumented.</li> <li>Some indicators, previous attempt reported or documented in file.</li> <li>Definite tendencies, recent attempt documented.</li> </ol>
N2.	Chemical/drug abuse (circle one)
	<ol> <li>No evidence of drug use.</li> <li>Experimentation with drugs, but no indication of sustained use.</li> <li>There is evidence of drug abuse problems, as indicated by use that results in disruptive behavior and/or causes some discord in family or school.</li> <li>There is evidence of a serious drug abuse problem with serious disruption of functioning, as evidenced by such things as job loss, removal/dropping out of school, problems with the law, and/or physical harm to self or others.</li> </ol>
N2A.	Describe juvenile drug use by type (check all that apply; leave blank if none)
	1. Cocaine       5. Marijuana/Cannabis         2. Crack       6. PCP         3. Heroin       7. Injects any substance         4. Amphetamine       8. Other, note:
N3.	Alcohol abuse (circle one)
	<ol> <li>No evidence of alcohol use.</li> <li>Experimentation with alcohol, but no indication of sustained use.</li> <li>There is evidence of alcohol abuse problems, as indicated by use that results in disruptive behavior and/or causes some discord in family or school.</li> <li>There is evidence of a serious alcohol abuse problem with serious disruption of functioning, as evidenced by such things as job loss, removal/dropping out of school, problems with the law, and/or physical harm to self or others.</li> </ol>
N4.	Youth abuse/neglect history(check all applicable)
	<ol> <li>Sexual abuse, documented by others</li> <li>Sexual abuse, reported by youth</li> <li>Physical abuse, documented</li> <li>Physical abuse, reported by youth</li> <li>Neglect, documented</li> <li>Neglect, reported by youth</li> </ol>
	Outcomes (record number of times for each outcome)
	<ul> <li>1. Home with services</li> <li>2. Placement with relative</li> <li>3. Foster home placement</li> <li>4. Group home placement</li> <li>5. Institution placement</li> <li>6. Other, note:</li> </ul>

N5.	Peer relationships. Evaluate the degree to which friends appear to influence negative behavior at the time of this commitment/referral (circle one)
	1. Good support and influence. Friends not known to be delinquent or to have influenced involvement in
	delinquent behavior.  2. Negative influence, some companions involved in delinquent behavior. Past or current offense committed in
	cooperation with other peers.
	<ol> <li>Most activities are with peer groups having strong delinquent orientation, but no gang membership.</li> <li>Gang involvement/membership. (Includes auxiliaries)</li> </ol>
	5. Not peer oriented. Not known to be involved with friends. Acts alone in delinquent activity.
N6A.	School status at the time of adjudication (circle one)
	1. Attending
	2. Dropped out but not suspended or expelled
	3. Suspended 4. Expelled
	5. Not attending due to pregnancy
N6B.	School truancy history at the time of adjudication - last school period (circle one)
	No history of truancy.
	<ol><li>Occasional truancy last school period (youth is truant one or two days a month).</li></ol>
	<ol> <li>Frequent truancy (more often then two days a month).</li> <li>Habitual truancy (weekly incidence)/intervention by school.</li> </ol>
N6C.	School suspension history - last school period (circle one)
	1. None
	2. One
	3. Two 4. Three or more
16D.	Last grade completed prior to 1993 adjudication/admission (circle one)
	Enter grade:
16E.	Is this youth functioning below expected grade level? (circle one)
-	1. No 2. Yes If yes, how many years?
16F.	Youth is diagnosed as having special educational needs/learning disability. (circle one)
	1. No

2. Yes

Enter #: \_\_\_\_\_

N6G.

How many schools has the child been enrolled in during the last two years?

•	<ol> <li>No history of previous mental health/psychiatric problems.</li> <li>History of previous mental health/psychiatric problems; not currently receiving services.</li> <li>Currently receiving mental health/psychiatric services.</li> </ol>	s.			
N8.	Does a clinical evaluation exist? (circle one)				
	1. No 2. Yes				
	If yes, specify diagnosis from last evaluation completed before 1993 adjudication:				
	Recommendation:	•8			
N9.	Youth's <u>prior</u> treatment history - prior to adjudication (check if youth has previously services)	or is	curren	tly recei	iving
	1. Outpatient substance abuse 2. Residential/inpatient substance abuse 3. Outpatient mental health 4. Inpatient mental health 5. Other, note:				
N10.	Prior placement history (enter number of placements; leave blank if none)				
	1. Foster care 2. Group home care 3. Residential treatment facility 4. State secure facility 5. Other out-of-home placement, note:				
	Reasons for placements: (check all applicable)				
f 8	a. Abuse/Neglect b. Status Offense c. Delinquency	-			
N11.	Prior runaways from out-of-home placements?				
	Enter #:				
N12.	Sexual adjustment (circle one)				
	<ol> <li>No evidence of dysfunctional sexual behavior.</li> <li>Child's sexual adjustment interferes with ability to function in school/work/social settings</li> <li>Child's sexual behavior severely limits functioning OR sexual offender.</li> </ol>	S.			
	Check if applicable:				
	<ul> <li>a. Lacks knowledge</li> <li>b. Prostitution</li> <li>c. Sexual identity issues</li> <li>d. Sex offender</li> </ul>				-

Mental health/psychiatric history (circle one)

N7.

N13.	Aggressive behavior (circle one)
	<ol> <li>No evidence of aggressive/assaultive behavior.</li> <li>Instances of verbal aggression (threatening, verbal abuse), causing an ongoing problem with family, friends, and other social relationships.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Instances of physically assaultive behavior causing an ongoing problem with family, friends, and other social relationships.</li> <li>Both 2 and 3.</li> </ol>
	Check if applicable:
	<ul><li>a. Use or threatened use of firearms.</li><li>b. Use or threatened use of other weapons.</li></ul>
N14.	Health (circle)
	<ol> <li>No problems.</li> <li>Medical needs do not incapacitate; needs are being adequately addressed.</li> <li>Juvenile in need of medical attention; chronic long-term problems.</li> </ol>
	Check if applicable:
	<ul> <li>1. FAS/FAE</li> <li>2. Neonatal addiction (drug, alcohol, etc.)</li> <li>3. No prenatal care</li> </ul>
N15.	Sexuality issues
	Number of children born to youth:
	2. Number of children in teen mom's custody:
	3. Pregnant (circle one)
	a. Yes b. No
-	c. Unknown
	4. HIV
	a. Yes b. No
	c. Unknown
	5. Other sexually transmittable disease:
	a. Yes b. No
	c. Unknown
	6. Involved in prostitution:
	a. Yes b. No
	c. Unknown

III.	ASSESSMENT OF YOUTH'S CARETAKER/FAMILY (parent or legally responsible adult characteristics assessed at ADJUDICATION)
CT1.	Caretaker substance abuse (circle one)
	<ol> <li>No evidence of an alcohol or drug abuse problem with caretaker(s).</li> <li>One or both caretakers display some alcohol or drug abuse problems resulting in disruptive behavior or causing some discord in family.</li> <li>One or both caretakers with serious alcohol or drug abuse problems resulting in chronic dysfunction, such as job loss, problems with the law, or abusive/destructive behavior.</li> </ol>
CT2.	Caretaker parenting skills (circle one)
	<ol> <li>Both caretakers or single caretaker display appropriate parenting patterns which are age appropriate for the child in areas of discipline, expectations, communication, protection, and nurturing.</li> <li>Improvement of basic parenting skills is needed by one or more caretakers to effectively control or nurture children; may be evidenced by inconsistent parenting, passive parenting, or parent/child role reversal.</li> <li>One or both caretakers display destructive/abusive parenting patterns.</li> </ol>
СТЗ.	Caretaker criminality (circle one; if circled, check appropriate gender)
	<ol> <li>No known caretaker(s) convictions: Male Female</li> <li>One or both caretaker(s) has a record of criminal convictions other than traffic offense: Male Female</li> <li>One or both caretaker(s) are currently incarcerated: Male Female</li> </ol>
CT4.	Parental control at the time of 1993 adjudication/admission (circle one)
	<ol> <li>Generally effective. Parents are concerned and expect the child to attend school, obey the law, and take some responsibility for his/her actions. Parents express their expectations and provide some sanctions for misbehavior and rewards for good behavior.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Inconsistent and/or ineffective. Parents have expectations of good behavior, but usually do not provide sanctions for misbehavior and sometimes provide lax supervision.</li> </ol>
Ξ	<ol> <li>Little or none. Parents not providing proper supervision or parents may contribute to delinquency by being involved in unlawful behavior.</li> <li>Rejected by parents/abandonment.</li> <li>Parental rights terminated.</li> </ol>
CT5.	Youth's living arrangement at 1993 adjudication/admission (circle one)
	<ol> <li>Own home</li> <li>With relatives</li> <li>Foster home</li> <li>Group home</li> <li>Treatment facility</li> <li>Other, note:</li> </ol>

CT6.	Adults living in youth's household (if 1 circled in CT5) at 1993 adjudication/admission (check all applicable)
	1. Mother 2. Father 3. Step Father 4. Step Mother 5. Relatives 6. Significant others

### CT7. Sibling delinquency (circle one)

- 1. Child has no known siblings.

- No siblings have been arrested for delinquent/adult criminal activity
   One or more siblings have been arrested for delinquent/adult criminal activity.
   One or more siblings has been adjudicated/convicted for criminal activity (other than traffic).

### JUVENILE ARRESTS/OFFENSES COMMITTED AFTER 1993 ADJUDICATION/ADMISSION (Record all known petitions for offenses committed AFTER adjudication.) IV.

11	rest ate	Arrest Offense Code (3 digit)	Referral to Intake? Y/N	Petition Date	Petition Offense Code (3 digit)	Petition Disposition Code	Court Adjudication Date	Adjudication Offense Code (3 digit)	Court Disposition Code	Institution Release Date
/	1			1 1			1 1			1 1
/	1	4		1 1			1 1			1 1
/	1			1 1			1 1		•	1 1
1	1			1 1			1 1			1 1
1	1			1 1			1 1			1 1
1	1			1 1			1 1			1 1
1	1			1 1			. 1 1			1 1
				1 1			1 1			1 1

Arrest Offense Codes Refer to list on page 3		on Disposition Codes: Dismissed Adjudication Adjusted Transferred to Adult Court Other Unknown	Court 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Probation Codes: Probation 5-19 Supervision Residential Group Pl. Secure Placement (II Community Service/f IDCFS (under 13) Warrant Other	DOC)
F1. What was the status of the (circle one)  1. Satisfactory discharge 2. Active supervision 3. AWOL/Runaway 4. Active-juvenile institut 5. Active jail/prison 6. Adult probation 7. Other, note:	ion/detention		31, 1996)?	F2. Last  1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Satisfactory discharge Active supervision AWOL/Runaway Active-juvenile institution/detention Active jail/prison Adult probation Other, note: Unknown Date:/_/_

# V. ADULT ARRESTS/CONVICTIONS COMMITTED AFTER ADJUDICATION (Record all known petitions for offenses committed AFTER adjudication.)

Adult Arrest Date	Arrest Offense Code <sup>A</sup>	Charge Offense Code <sup>8</sup>	Adult Charge Disposition <sup>c</sup>	Guilty Offense Code <sup>o</sup>	Adult Court Sentence <sup>E</sup>	Adult Offense/Court Sentence Description/Comment
1 1						
1 1					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
1 1					1	
1 1					1	
1 1					1	
1 1					1	
1 1					1	
1 1					1	

A, B, & D. Arrest Offense Codes Refer to list on page 3

C. Charge Disposition Codes:

1 = CONVICTED

2 = DISMISSED

B = Other/Pending, note in comment

4 = Unknown

5 = Not Guilty

6 = Warrant

E. Court Sentence Codes: (enter up to 2)

1 = Probation

2 = Prison

3 = Fined

4 = Community Service/Restitution

5 = Pending

6 = Other, note in comment

## SECURE DETENTION HISTORY (Entire Juvenile Career)

Date of Placement	Date of Release	Placement Reason Code
1 .1	1 1	
1 1	1 1	
1 1	1 1	
	1 1	
1 1	1 1	
1 1	1 1	
1 1	1 1	
1 1	1 1	
1 1	1 1	
1 1	1 1	
1 1	1 1	
1 1	1 1	

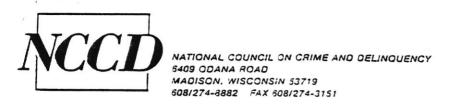
### Placement Codes:

1	=	Warrant

- 2 = 36 hour hearing
- 3 = Probable cause hearing
- 4 = Trial
- 5 = Disposition (social investigation)
  6 = VOP hearing (violation of probation/supervision)
- 7 = Clinical evaluation
- 8 = Placement
- 9 = VOP/Dispositional detention
- 10 = Transfer motion (discretionary/presumptive/gang)
  11 = Appeal motion
  12 = Interstate compact

- 13 = IDOC (commit to Department of Corrections)
- 14 = Other, note: \_\_\_\_\_

# APPENDIX II STRENGTH AND NEEDS ASSESSMENT



# COOK COUNTY JUVENILE FEMALE OFFENDER PROJECT FEMALE YOUTH STRENGTHS AND NEEDS ASSESSMENT

#### **OVERVIEW**

NCCD has worked with several jurisdictions to design needs assessment tools for delinquency populations. These tools are designed to enable an agency to achieve several purposes:

- CONSISTENCY: They insure that certain types of problems are considered by all staff for all youth/families as part of the assessment process.
- CONCISENESS: They provide a quick "read" of a child/family's problems for the case manager, other staff/supervisors, and service providers from other agencies.
- DRIVE THE CASE PLAN: Since key areas are assessed, significant need areas should form the foundation for the case planning process. There should be a match between assessed needs and what's in the service plan. (NOTE: There may need to be a prioritization process and perhaps a conscious decision to not address some needs.)
- PRIORITIZE WORKLOAD: Total needs scores can serve as one basis for classification. For example, if those with the highest scores are considered to be more time consuming then they would probably carry a higher workload value. (NOTE: This practice tends to be more useful in field services than institutional services.)
- MONITORING: An initial needs assessment can be used as baseline information to measure progress over time. It can also serve as a foundation for assessing the effectiveness of the case plan. (NOTE: This use would require a reassessment process at set points in time to enable workers to compare where the youth/family are now as compared to where they were at either the initial or a previous assessment.)
- MANAGEMENT INFORMATION: Needs assessment data can be aggregated to assist an agency in its planning and evaluation. For example, if 45% of last year's females had major substance abuse problems and treatment slots existed for only 15% of this population, this information could be used to ascertain what new resources would be needed to address female needs.

#### 4. Substance Abuse

- 0 = No evidence of alcohol or drug use.
- 1 = Experimentation with alcohol or drugs, but there is no indication of sustained use.
- 3 = There is evidence of periodic and/or regular use of alcohol or drugs resulting in disruptive or unproductive behavior and/or causing some discord in her family or school.
- There is evidence of a chronic alcohol or drug abuse problem with serious disruption of functioning, such as: removal/dropping out of school, job loss, problems with the law, and/or physical harm to self or others.

### 5. Life Skills

- -1 = Functions independently at an age-appropriate level; she possesses practical living skills, communication skills, and is motivated to succeed.
- 1 = Requires supervision and/or moderate assistance in the application of practical living and communication skills; she has limited judgement skills.
- 2 = Displays impulsive and risky behaviors; she has severe deficits in practical living and communication skills that have resulted in dangerous or negative consequences.
- 3 = Chemically or developmentally impaired; severe limits to ability to learn life skills.

### 6. History of Abuse/Neglect

- 0 = No history or indication of physical or sexual abuse or neglect.
- 1 = Physical or sexual abuse or neglect alleged but never substantiated. Includes self reports by girl and abuse/neglect suspected by professionals.
- 2 = Substantiated physical abuse or neglect, including abuse, neglect or dependent adjudications and non-adjudicated substantiated complaints.
- 4 = Substantiated sexual abuse, including abuse adjudications and non-adjudicated substantiated complaints.

### 7. Physical Safety

- 0 = No threat or fear for her physical safety from family, peer, or community members.
- 2 = Youth has experienced threats or fears for her physical safety from family, peer, or community members. Youth has participated in treatment to resolve abuse/violence issues.
- 3 = Youth has a history of receiving threats to her physical safety from family, peer, or community members. Youth has not received adequate treatment to resolve abuse/violence issues.
- 4 = Youth is currently experiencing physical/emotional/sexual abuse or domestic violence. Immediate threats to her physical safety have been made by family, peer, or community members.

### 8. Peer Relations

- Friends not known to be delinquent or to have influenced involvement in delinquent behavior. She exhibits adequate social skills and uses leisure time constructively.
- 1 = Youth's peer group is negative and her relationships are detrimental to positive goal achievement. Alternatively, she lacks social skills and has few positive interactions with peers. Leisure time is not used productively.
- 2 = Most activities are with peer groups composed of dropouts, runaways, and/or delinquents but she has no formal gang membership.
- 3 = Peers are delinquent and abusive to others. Most activities are with groups having strong delinquent orientation including gangs; spends considerable time with older and/or abusive companions; or not known to be involved with any friends and completes delinquent acts alone.

# 9. School/Employment Status

- -1 = Youth is currently enrolled in appropriate educational/vocational program and/or has a job. She experiences success in these areas.
- Youth is enrolled in education/vocation program or employed but needs to enhance skills for future employment. Skill development is required in reading or writing, math, vocational, or other academic/occupational competency areas.
- 2 = Youth is enrolled/employed but school/job attendance is sporadic; functions below expected age/grade level and graduation expectations are in jeopardy.
- 3 = Youth lacks motivation, support, skills, or resources to seek or maintain educational enrollment or employment; demonstrates chronic intellectual, physical, or emotional impairment and is diagnosed special education; has dropped out of school or is unemployed; and/or can't read or write.

### 10. Social Supports

- -1 = Youth has knowledge of existing resources, the ability to access them, and participates when appropriate.
- 1 = Youth is aware of resources but barriers exist that limit her ability to access them and participate fully or she has no knowledge of existing resources.
- 2 = Youth has no involvement and refuses to actively participate in any social support resources.
- 3 = Resources do not exist.

### 11. Motherhood

- -1 = Youth does not have child(ren) and is not pregnant.
- 0 = Youth is a parent (or pregnant) and she has adequate resources and parenting skills to meet basic needs of child and self.

- 2 = Youth is a parent (or pregnant) and does not have adequate resources to meet basic needs of child and self. She does not demonstrate adequate knowledge or skills in these areas.
- 4 = Youth is a parent (or pregnant) and either her conduct or lack of planning shows a total disregard for self and child(ren), and/or she has history of abusing/neglecting her child(ren).

### 12. Health

- -1 = Regularly maintains and participates in a health care plan. Uses good judgement in behaviors affecting health and demonstrates adequate self-care and hygienic practices.
- 2 = Poor health conditions reoccur with treatment usually sought on an emergency basis. Does not follow through with treatment plan. Makes impulsive decisions or has poor judgement resulting in health risks. She is inconsistent with self-care.
- 3 = Daily functions are affected by undiagnosed health problems and consistent reoccurring symptoms and youth rarely or never seeks medical care. She is unaware of necessity to seek medical attention. She has poor judgement and participates in risky health behaviors, such as unprotected sex, sharing needles, and no prenatal care which increase the probability for chronic and life threatening illnesses.

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Assign the female youth a needs level based on the total needs score:

Needs		Total Score
-	Low	-5 to 11
	Moderate	12 to 29
	High	 30 to 47

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