Multiple sources of variation in leaf toughness of plants in northern Alaska

- Ned Fetcher
- Sofia Iglesia
- Stephen Turner
- Thomas C. Parker



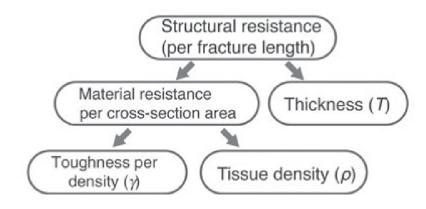
Leaf toughness

- Affects ability of plants to resist damage
 - Physical damage from wind, blowing snow
 - Damage from herbivores
- Affects ecosystem properties
 - Decomposition rates
 - Nutrient cycling
- Onoda et al. 2012 Ecology Letters
 - Did not include arctic plants
 - Focused mostly on interspecific comparisons



Measuring leaf toughness (Onoda et al. Ecol. Lett. 2012)

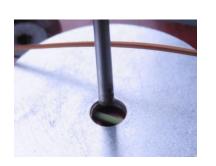
- Tear, cut, or punch leaves
- Measure force per unit fracture length
 - Leaf thickness
 - Tissue density
 - Toughness per unit density

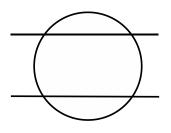


Leaf punch fitted with strain gauge

- 2 mm diameter punch
- Force (newtons) divided by circumference of 2 mm circle

• Except for Eriophorum vaginatum











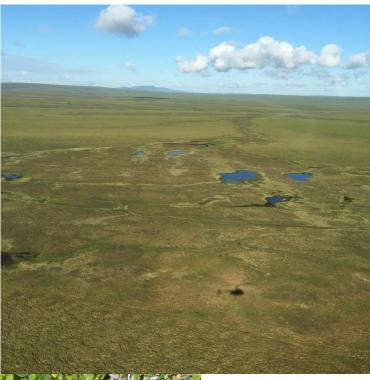
Variation in leaf toughness

- Species
- Habitat
- Seasonal
- Intraspecific variation
 - Seasonal
 - Between vegetation types
 - Between populations
 - Effects of nutrients



Species	Growth Form	Tussock Tundra	Dry Heath
Carex bigelowii Torr. ex Schwein.	Graminoid	X	X
Eriophorum vaginatum L	Graminoid	X	
Arctostaphylos alpina (L.) Spreng.	Evergreen Shrub		Х
Dryas octopetala L.	Deciduous Shrub		X
Rhododendron tomentosum Harmaja	Evergreen Shrub	x	x
Vaccinium vitis-idaea L.	Evergreen Shrub	X	X
Betula nana L.	Deciduous Shrub	x	x
Salix pulchra Cham.	Deciduous Shrub	X	x
Vaccinium uliginosum L.	Deciduous Shrub	x	
Rubus chamaemorus L.	Deciduous Shrub	X	
Polygonum bistorta L.	Forb		X

Sites

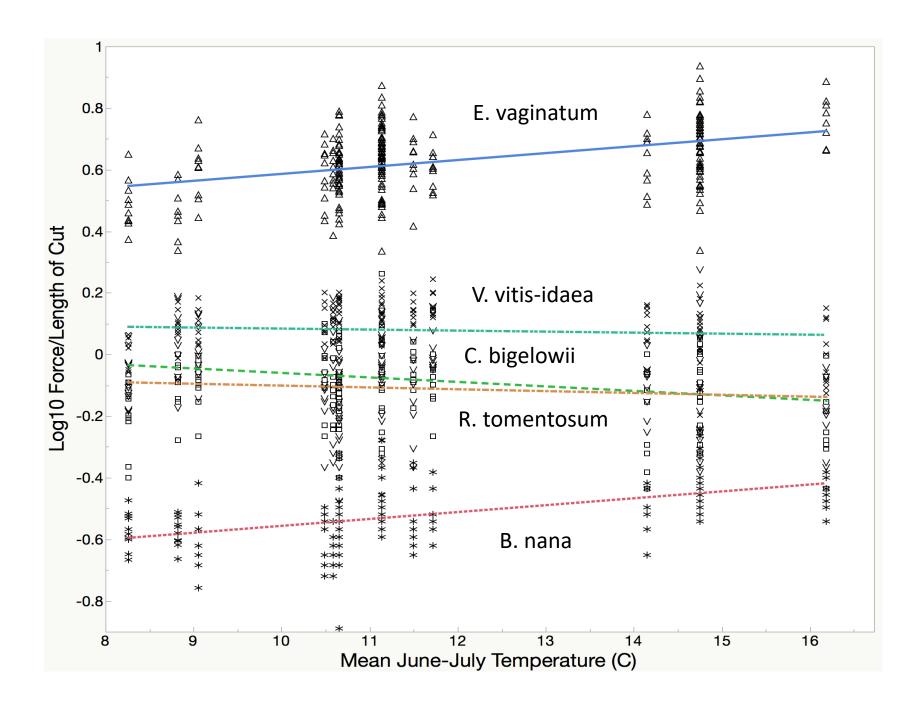






Leaf Toughness versus Mean Site Temperature

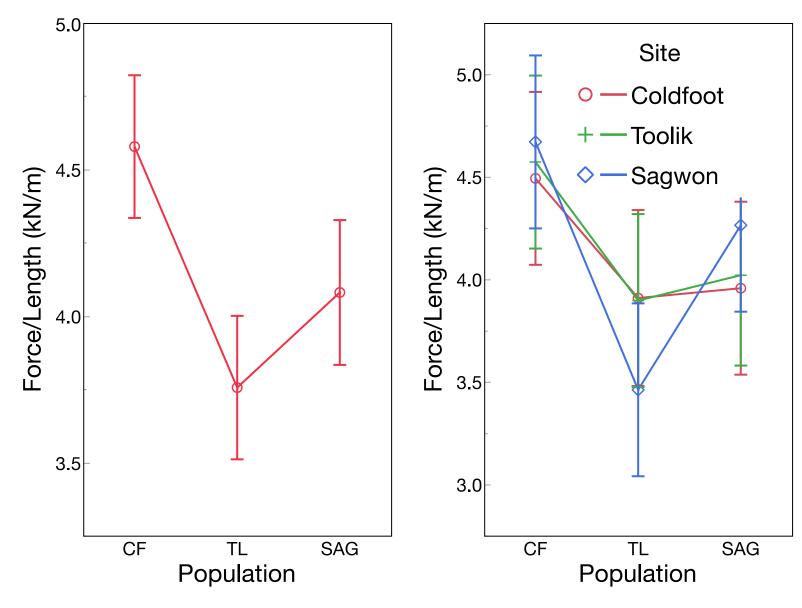
Five species of tussock tundra sampled from No Name Creek to Sagwon



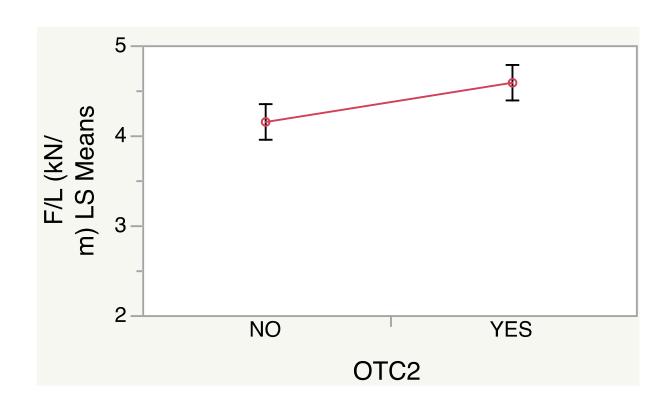
Reciprocal Transplant Experiment

- E. vaginatum
 - Sagwon
 - Toolik
 - Coldfoot
- OTC's at Sagwon and Toolik





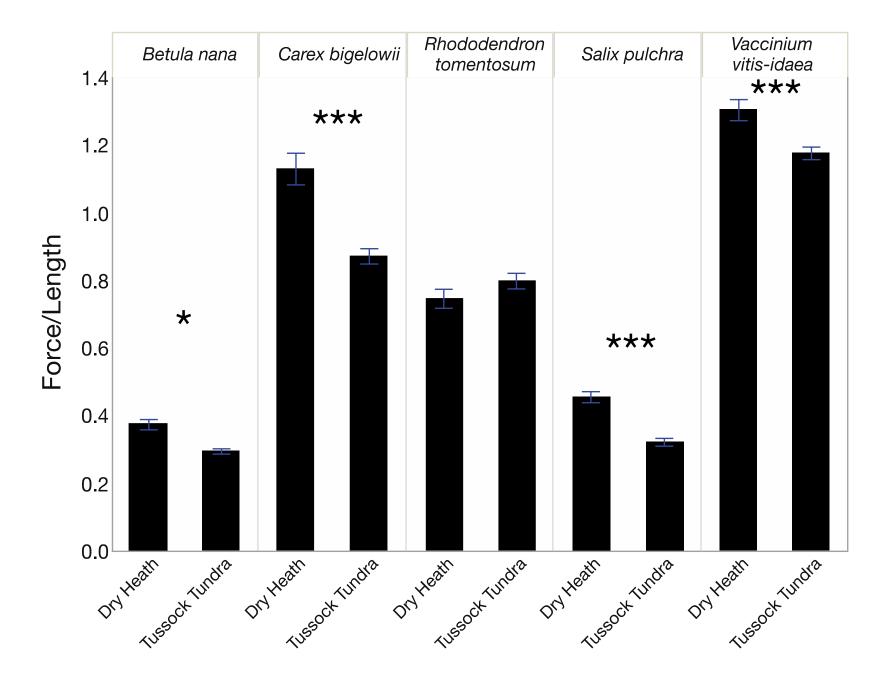
OTC effect p < .0025



Vegetation type and leaf toughness

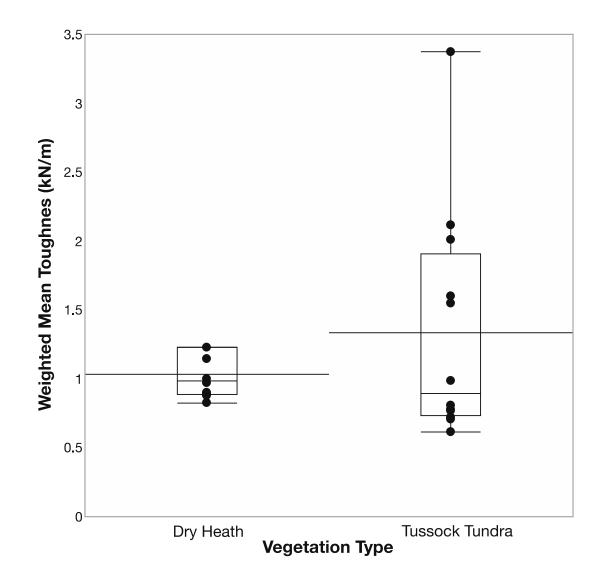
4 sites where tussock tundra and dry heath were found

Sagwon
Toolik Lake
Atigun Pass/Atigun
Camp
Chandalar



Community weighted mean leaf toughness

- Leaf toughness of each species weighted by the presence of the species in the community
- Biomass data from 2006
 LTER harvest



Nutrients added for 27 years

Species	Mea	n F/L (kN/m) Control	Mean F/L (kN/m) NP	р
Eriophorum vaginati	ım	3.774	3.785	ns
Vaccinium vitis-idaed	7	1.315	1.086	<.0001
Carex bigelowii		0.909	0.664	<.0001
Rhododendron				
tomentosum		0.845	0.754	ns
Salix pulchra		0.264	0.215	<.001
Rubus chamaemorus	5	0.242	0.255	ns
Betula nana		0.231	0.243	ns

Interspecific versus intraspecific variation in leaf toughness

- Analysis of variance components
 - (Messier et al. Ecol. Lett. 2010, Umaña et al. Ecology, 2019)

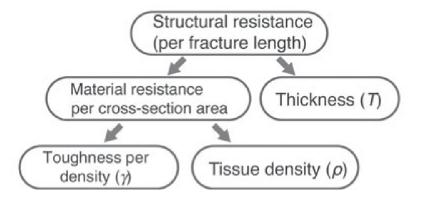
Component	Tussock tundra	Dry heath
Within populations	8 %	19 %
Populations within species	46 %	40.5 %
Species	46 %	40.5 %
Site	0	0

Conclusions

- Leaf toughness varies according to site
 - Within tussock tundra perhaps mainly due to differences between populations
- Leaf toughness varies between vegetation types
 - For some species dry heath had tougher leaves
 - Greater exposure to wind?
- Community mean toughness more variable in tussock tundra due to presence or absence of *E. vaginatum*
- Variation in leaf toughness due to species and populations within species
 - Effect of site is less important
 - Do other functional traits follow this pattern?

A few more conclusions

- E. vaginatum leaves are tough
- Leaf toughness is easy to measure and makes good student projects, so add it to your list of traits





Acknowledgements

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Leaf Punch

Mitch Adams
Ian McMillan