PARTY SMART with ACES
5 THINGS TO WATCH TO PARTY SMART

**WATCH out for each other**
Be ready to step in and help a friend. Getting sick is one early warning signs of alcohol poisoning. Even if you are under 21, it is better to call 911 for help than let something worse happen.
www.gvsu.edu/aces/medicalemergency

**WATCH the pour**
Mix your own drinks and use standard measures to avoid making drinks too strong. Make sure the bartender does the same. Know how much alcohol is in one standard drink (see pg 3).

**WATCH how many**
It is recommended to have no more than one standard drink per hour. Physiologically, women should not consume more than 2-3 alcoholic drinks in one night and men not more than 3-4.

**WATCH and respect limits**
Fun means different things to different people. Some people would rather hang out and talk than spend the night drinking. Whatever it is, pay attention to the cues you’re getting, and respect their choices.

**WATCH your drink**
Leaving your drink unattended increases the risk of tampering. Remember, alcohol is the #1 drug used in sexual assaults.
Alcohol Consumption Guidelines:

- **Ride only with a sober driver:** Designate a driver before you go out. Make sure they stay responsible by not drinking or using drugs.

- **Consume alcohol slowly:** Sip, do not guzzle. Avoid drinking games where a large amount of alcohol is consumed in a short amount of time.

- **Eat shortly before and while you drink:** Food helps to slow the absorption of alcohol into the body.

- **Alternate alcoholic and non-alcoholic drinks:** Use water or juice as a “spacer.” This will give your body more time to metabolize the alcohol.

- **Do not mix alcohol and drugs:** Over-the-counter, prescription and illegal drugs can have harmful effects when mixed with alcohol.

Hosting Parties:

**DO**
- Only invite people that you know
- Make sure anyone consuming alcohol is at least 21
- Provide food and serve alcohol in moderation
- Have non-alcoholic drinks available
- Make sure everyone has a safe ride home. This includes taking keys away from anyone who has had too much to drink or have used drugs.
- Have transportation options: call a cab/uber or have a sober driver take intoxicated individuals home
- Be supportive of a friend if they choose not to drink
- Call 911 if you need help

**DON’T**
- Have strangers or unknown guests, it’s ok to say no
- Allow guests to drink in excess
- Let guests leave the party alone and/or with unknown guests
- Disturb your neighbors
- Allow drug use
- Let guests leave with open containers
- Let drinks be left unattended
- Serve to anyone under 21
- Allow guests to drive drunk
- Allow alcohol to be the focus
- Serve unlimited amounts of alcohol to your guests like jungle juice, or kegs
- Allow unruly guests to run the party (call the police if you need help)
What is dangerous drinking?

Drinking heavily over a short period of time is having more than one standard drink per hour.

Drinking with the goal of getting drunk.

Drinking heavily on a regular basis.

What’s a standard drink?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BEER</th>
<th>WINE</th>
<th>CRAFT BEER</th>
<th>LIQUOR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4% ABV</td>
<td>10% ABV</td>
<td>depending on ABV</td>
<td>80 proof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 ounces</td>
<td>5 ounces</td>
<td>6-10 ounces</td>
<td>1.5 ounces</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Drinking heavily over a short period of time is having more than one standard drink per hour.

What are the consequences of dangerous drinking?

**Legal trouble.** Dangerous drinking could cause you to be cited with an MIP (minor in possession) or DUI (driving under the influence). These will result in fines and/or jail time.

**Injuries.** Drinking too much increases your chances of being injured or even killed.

**Health Problems.** People who drink heavily have a greater risk of sleep disorders, depression, liver disease, heart disease and much more. It may also lead to long term alcohol related problems.

**Blackouts.** Where you don’t remember what you did while you were drinking.
Alcohol Poisoning:
Alcohol poisoning is a life-threatening condition caused by high concentrations of alcohol in the blood. Blood alcohol concentration rises as alcohol is consumed in large quantities and over short periods of time.

Symptoms of alcohol poisoning
- Confusion
- Vomiting
- Loss of consciousness
- Low body temperature
- Breathing is slow or irregular.
- Cold/clammy skin
- Pale/bluish skin tone

A person does not need to exhibit all of these symptoms to have alcohol poisoning, be sure to get help immediately. Blood alcohol content can increase even after you stop drinking, pass out, or fall asleep.

Don’t be afraid! CALL 911

1. Provide your name and location when you call 911
2. Don’t try to guess level of intoxication
3. Put the person on their side
4. Stay with the person
5. Talk with first responders

Medical Amnesty: Michigan law provides amnesty from a minor in possession charge for those involved when police or other emergency services are contacted to help someone who is in crisis due to alcohol poisoning or drug overdose.
MYTH: I can sober up quickly if I need to.
FACT: It takes about 3 hours to eliminate the alcohol of two standard drinks (depending on your weight). Drinking coffee or cold showers will not help speed up the process.

MYTH: In college I have to drink to fit in.
FACT: There are many students across campus who choose not to drink. Find a club, group organization, or a friend that make the same choices as you. If you do go to parties and choose not to drink, practice ways of saying no to your friends/peers.

MYTH: I can drink and still be in control.
FACT: Drinking alcohol impairs your judgment, which increases the likelihood that you will do something you’ll regret later.

Legal Consequences

Minor in Possession:

1st Offense:
Civil infraction with fines up to $100+ (plus local court costs, fees, etc.)
If you are under 18, your parents will be notified
Possible community service, substance abuse screening, assessment and/or treatment

2nd Offense:
Misdemeanor with fines up to $200+ (plus local court costs, fees, etc.)
If you are under 18, your parents will be notified
90-day suspension of your driver’s license (possibly restricted).
Individuals may be placed on probation. Possible 30 days in jail upon violation of probation or failure to pay fines

Furnishing/Hosting

It is a violation of the law to knowingly allow possession or consumption of an alcoholic beverage or controlled substance by an underage person.

1st Offense:
Up to 60 days imprisonment and/or $1,000 fine plus court costs

2nd Offense:
Up to 90 days imprisonment and/or $2,500 fine plus court costs

*Legal Information as of January 1, 2018 information is subject to change and is based on best information provided and does not represent legal advice. Individual cases may vary.
We offer the following services FREE to GVSU students:

- Alcohol education presentations and programs
- Individual and group counseling (non-mandated)
- Recovery Meetings (AA, NA, ACA, and SMART Recovery)
- Consultation services

EMERGENCY:  911
NON EMERGENCY:
Grand Valley Police Department  
(616) 331-3255
University Counseling Center  
(616) 331-3266
Gayle R. Davis Center for Women and Gender Equity  
(616) 331-2748
Milton E. Ford LGBT Resource Center  
(616) 331-2530
YWCA 24-Hour Sexual Assault Crisis Hotline  
(616) 776-7273
Center for Women in Transition Crisis Hotline  
(616) 392-1970
Alcoholics Anonymous (GR)  
(616) 913-9149

ACES
Alcohol & Other Drugs Campus Education Program

KNOW YOUR RESOURCES & BE PREPARED BY ADDING THEM TO YOUR CONTACTS.