

HAZARDOUS WASTE

Check All that Apply

- Organic Solvents: Non-Halogenated Halogenated
- Organic, Non-Hazardous: RCRA Exempt, Flash Pt. $\geq 140^{\circ}\text{F}^*$
- Hazardous Metals: As, Ba, Cd, Cr, Pb, Se, Ag
- Mercury or Mercury Containing Compounds
- Inorganic Liquids*
- Corrosive: Acidic ($\text{pH} \leq 2$) Alkaline ($\text{pH} \geq 12.5$)
- Reactive
- Biohazardous Sharps
- Solid Waste _____
- Radioactive (isotope/activity): _____
- RCRA Toxic or Listed Waste: EPA Waste Code _____

Hazardous Constituents:

Name & Dept.: _____ Date Generated: _____

*Act 451 Part 121 Regulated Liquid Industrial Waste

HAZARDOUS WASTE

Check All that Apply

- Organic Solvents: Non-Halogenated Halogenated
- Organic, Non-Hazardous: RCRA Exempt, Flash Pt. $\geq 140^{\circ}\text{F}^*$
- Hazardous Metals: As, Ba, Cd, Cr, Pb, Se, Ag
- Mercury or Mercury Containing Compounds
- Inorganic Liquids*
- Corrosive: Acidic ($\text{pH} \leq 2$) Alkaline ($\text{pH} \geq 12.5$)
- Reactive
- Biohazardous Sharps
- Solid Waste _____
- Radioactive (isotope/activity): _____
- RCRA Toxic or Listed Waste: EPA Waste Code _____

Hazardous Constituents:

Name & Dept.: _____ Date Generated: _____

*Act 451 Part 121 Regulated Liquid Industrial Waste

HAZARDOUS WASTE

Check All that Apply

- Organic Solvents: Non-Halogenated Halogenated
- Organic, Non-Hazardous: RCRA Exempt, Flash Pt. $\geq 140^{\circ}\text{F}^*$
- Hazardous Metals: As, Ba, Cd, Cr, Pb, Se, Ag
- Mercury or Mercury Containing Compounds
- Inorganic Liquids*
- Corrosive: Acidic ($\text{pH} \leq 2$) Alkaline ($\text{pH} \geq 12.5$)
- Reactive
- Biohazardous Sharps
- Solid Waste _____
- Radioactive (isotope/activity): _____
- RCRA Toxic or Listed Waste: EPA Waste Code _____

Hazardous Constituents:

Name & Dept.: _____ Date Generated: _____

*Act 451 Part 121 Regulated Liquid Industrial Waste

HAZARDOUS WASTE

Check All that Apply

- Organic Solvents: Non-Halogenated Halogenated
- Organic, Non-Hazardous: RCRA Exempt, Flash Pt. $\geq 140^{\circ}\text{F}^*$
- Hazardous Metals: As, Ba, Cd, Cr, Pb, Se, Ag
- Mercury or Mercury Containing Compounds
- Inorganic Liquids*
- Corrosive: Acidic ($\text{pH} \leq 2$) Alkaline ($\text{pH} \geq 12.5$)
- Reactive
- Biohazardous Sharps
- Solid Waste _____
- Radioactive (isotope/activity): _____
- RCRA Toxic or Listed Waste: EPA Waste Code _____

Hazardous Constituents:

Name & Dept.: _____ Date Generated: _____

*Act 451 Part 121 Regulated Liquid Industrial Waste

COLLECTING HAZARDOUS WASTE IN THE LAB

- Waste containers must be labeled with the words "Hazardous Waste" or this label. Remove or deface labels from recycled containers.
- Waste containers must remain closed except when adding waste.
- For multiple waste streams, store away from incompatible chemicals or waste and label contents. Consult MSDS if necessary.
- Waste containers should not be stored: 1) near operations that may react with waste (i.e.: heat source near flammable waste); 2) on the floor; 3) in areas where spills cannot be contained.
- Each lab should be equipped with appropriate emergency response equipment and emergency contacts.
- Do not pour hazardous chemicals or wastes down the drain without approval of safety/environmental personnel.

REMOVING FULL WASTE CONTAINERS FROM THE LAB

- This label must be on each container of hazardous waste prior to leaving the lab.
- Check each box that applies to the waste. Describe the contents of the container and any additional hazardous characteristics in the space provided. Provide as much detail as possible. Attach additional sheets if necessary.
- Write your name and department and the date the container was full, not the date collection began.
- Transport the container to the hazardous waste storage area. If possible, consolidate waste with bulk containers of compatible wastes. If incompatible or unsure, place the bottle on the shelf.
- Add the waste to the log sheet in the waste room

For more information visit www.gvsu.edu/labsafety

COLLECTING HAZARDOUS WASTE IN THE LAB

- Waste containers must be labeled with the words "Hazardous Waste" or this label. Remove or deface labels from recycled containers.
- Waste containers must remain closed except when adding waste.
- For multiple waste streams, store away from incompatible chemicals or waste and label contents. Consult MSDS if necessary.
- Waste containers should not be stored: 1) near operations that may react with waste (i.e.: heat source near flammable waste); 2) on the floor; 3) in areas where spills cannot be contained.
- Each lab should be equipped with appropriate emergency response equipment and emergency contacts.
- Do not pour hazardous chemicals or wastes down the drain without approval of safety/environmental personnel.

REMOVING FULL WASTE CONTAINERS FROM THE LAB

- This label must be on each container of hazardous waste prior to leaving the lab.
- Check each box that applies to the waste. Describe the contents of the container and any additional hazardous characteristics in the space provided. Provide as much detail as possible. Attach additional sheets if necessary.
- Write your name and department and the date the container was full, not the date collection began.
- Transport the container to the hazardous waste storage area. If possible, consolidate waste with bulk containers of compatible wastes. If incompatible or unsure, place the bottle on the shelf.
- Add the waste to the log sheet in the waste room

For more information visit www.gvsu.edu/labsafety

COLLECTING HAZARDOUS WASTE IN THE LAB

- Waste containers must be labeled with the words "Hazardous Waste" or this label. Remove or deface labels from recycled containers.
- Waste containers must remain closed except when adding waste.
- For multiple waste streams, store away from incompatible chemicals or waste and label contents. Consult MSDS if necessary.
- Waste containers should not be stored: 1) near operations that may react with waste (i.e.: heat source near flammable waste); 2) on the floor; 3) in areas where spills cannot be contained.
- Each lab should be equipped with appropriate emergency response equipment and emergency contacts.
- Do not pour hazardous chemicals or wastes down the drain without approval of safety/environmental personnel.

REMOVING FULL WASTE CONTAINERS FROM THE LAB

- This label must be on each container of hazardous waste prior to leaving the lab.
- Check each box that applies to the waste. Describe the contents of the container and any additional hazardous characteristics in the space provided. Provide as much detail as possible. Attach additional sheets if necessary.
- Write your name and department and the date the container was full, not the date collection began.
- Transport the container to the hazardous waste storage area. If possible, consolidate waste with bulk containers of compatible wastes. If incompatible or unsure, place the bottle on the shelf.
- Add the waste to the log sheet in the waste room

For more information visit www.gvsu.edu/labsafety

COLLECTING HAZARDOUS WASTE IN THE LAB

- Waste containers must be labeled with the words "Hazardous Waste" or this label. Remove or deface labels from recycled containers.
- Waste containers must remain closed except when adding waste.
- For multiple waste streams, store away from incompatible chemicals or waste and label contents. Consult MSDS if necessary.
- Waste containers should not be stored: 1) near operations that may react with waste (i.e.: heat source near flammable waste); 2) on the floor; 3) in areas where spills cannot be contained.
- Each lab should be equipped with appropriate emergency response equipment and emergency contacts.
- Do not pour hazardous chemicals or wastes down the drain without approval of safety/environmental personnel.

REMOVING FULL WASTE CONTAINERS FROM THE LAB

- This label must be on each container of hazardous waste prior to leaving the lab.
- Check each box that applies to the waste. Describe the contents of the container and any additional hazardous characteristics in the space provided. Provide as much detail as possible. Attach additional sheets if necessary.
- Write your name and department and the date the container was full, not the date collection began.
- Transport the container to the hazardous waste storage area. If possible, consolidate waste with bulk containers of compatible wastes. If incompatible or unsure, place the bottle on the shelf.
- Add the waste to the log sheet in the waste room

For more information visit www.gvsu.edu/labsafety